The Columbian.

VOL 44. BLOOMSBURG, PA., THURSDAY MARCH 10, 1910. NO 10

WHEN YOU WANT TO-

Open a Bank Account Have a Check Cashed
Borrow Money, or Make an Investment

CALL ON THE OLD RELIABLE -

The Farmers National Bank

OF BLOOMSBURG,

Capital, $60.000 **Surplus $100,000**

C M. CREVELING, Pres. M. MILLEISEN, Cashier.

DIRECTORS

J. L. Moyer N. U. Funk C. M. Creveling C. A. Kleim
W. L. White C. W. Runyon Dr. J. J. Brown M. Milleisen

3 Per Cent Interest Paid on Time Deposits.

CHARLES W. RUNYON.

Prominent Merchant and Member of Council Suddenly Expired on Monday Morning at His Home.

BURIED TO-DAY AT ALLENTOWN.

This community was startled on Monday morning by the announcement that Charles W. Runyon was dead. He expired at his home at about 3 o'clock a. m. He was attending to business as usual on Saturday, and on Sunday evening he retired at about half past ten after reading to his son Robert who has been ill for some months past.

He mentioned the fact that he had pain in the head, but otherwise gave no indication of illness. At about 3 o'clock in the morning he was attacked with intense pain, and started for the bath room, saying to his wife that there was nothing she need do for him.

In a little while Mrs Runyon became uneasy, and started after him, and found him lying on a bed in an adjoining bed-room. She spoke to him and tried to arouse him but he was unable to speak, though he indicated that he understood what she said by nodding his head.

In a few moments he lapsed into unconsciousness, and in spite of efforts to revive him soon passed away, though the efforts were continued for some time, and Doctors Bierman and Brown were called in. A stroke of apoplexy is supposed to have been the cause of his death.

Mr. Runyon was born in Starkey, Schuyler county, New York. His parents' name was Abel, and they died when he was about three years old, leaving him and two sisters to survive them. Soon after Charles was adopted by Mr. and Mrs. Layton Runyon then residing in Troy, Pa., and was always a dutiful son, never realizing any difference between his own parents and those who adopted him.

He passed his youth and young manhood in Troy, and was married to Miss Sarah Persons of Allentown back in the sixties. They came to Bloomsburg over thirty years ago, and Mr. Runyon went in partnership with his father in the hardware business, and about 15 years ago purchased the entire business, and conducted it successfully ever since.

He was a director of the Farmers National Bank from its foundation, and for the past five years was a member of the Town Council. He was an efficient councilman and a good citizen.

He is survived by his widow, and one son Robert, at home, and a daughter, Mrs. Dr. Bitner, of Allentown.

Funeral services were held at the house this morning, Rev. E. R. Heckman officiating, and the remains were taken on the 11:28 Reading train to Allentown for interment.

BRICK PLANT FOR BLOOMSBURG.

Application has been made for a charter for the Bloomsburg Brick Company.

The gentlemen interested in the company are George L. Low, J. W. Young, W R. Kocher, J. E. Shuman, H. R. Mears. Myron I. Low and W. W. Zwengel.

The new plant will be located at a point east of Oak Grove and will be equipped with the most modern machinery for making dry press brick, paving blocks and other shale products, all the machinery being electrically driven.

FIRE AT JERSEYTOWN.

Home of Robert Butler Destroyed Last Thursday Night.

Fire, resulting from an explosion of a lamp, completely destroyed the home of Robert Butler, in Jerseytown, about 10 o'clock Thursday night. The building together with all the household goods, with the exception of two rocking chairs were burned.

Mr. Butler and daughter, Miss Pearl, had gone to a grange supper and had left a lighted lamp on the kitchen table. The daughter, returning home ahead of her father, saw an unusual bright light in the kitchen, and hurrying on to the house, pushed open the door to find the room in a mass of flames.

She could not get into that portion of the building and when her father arrived, an entrance was made through another door, but the flames meanwhile had gained such headway that it was impossible to save but the two chairs that were near the door.

The burned home was a frame structure of fair size and comfortably furnished. Between $1200 and $1300 insurance was carried by Mr. Butler.

Mrs. Butler was visiting at the home of Eli Appleman, Valley township, over Thursday night, and did not see the ruins of her home until she returned to Jerseytown next day.

WHEELMEN ELECT OFFICERS.

The Bloomsburg Wheelmen Club held the annual election Tuesday evening, with the following results: President, Lloyd B. Skeer; vice president, J. T. Goodwin; treasurer, A. W. Snarpless; secretary, C. R. Nagle; Librarians, Frank Rupert and Prof. J. H. Dennis; auditor, Harry S. Barton; board of governors, Harry C. Mendenhall, W. S. Butler, J. C. Hagenbuch, R. Emmet Everly, Josiah Little and Samuel Miller.

The following committees were appointed: Finance—Samuel Miller, H. C. Mendenhall, W. S. Butler; House—W. S. Butler, R. Emmet Eyerly, H. C. Mendenhall, J. T. Little, J. C. Hagenbuch; Entertainment—Edward Creasy, R. N. Wolverton, Clyde Kemp.

Mr. and Mrs. Barratt, the new stewards, have taken charge of the club house.

NEW ORGAN FOR REFORMED CHURCH.

The new pipe organ in the Reformed Church of Bloomsburg, which is the gift of Mrs. M. E. Ent in memory of her daughter, is rapidly nearing completion. It is expected to have it dedicated on Palm Sunday, when various members of other congregations in town will assist in the musical program.

The instrument is of colonial design, and is being built by Reuben Midmer and Son, of Brooklyn, the builders of the organs in St. Paul's Episcopal and in the First Methodist Churches.

JUNIOR CONTEST PARTICIPANTS.

Announcement has been made yesterday by Miss Swartz, head of the department of Elocution of the Bloomsburg High School, of the participants in the annual Junior contest. They are: Gladys Wharton, Ruth Doty, Ethel King, Helen Pegg, Sabila Shobert, Glenn Pursel, Clyde Peter, Elbert Knorr and Frank Williams. All these participants have shown superior work in this department.

"It is the dollar you do not spend that puts you ahead." —Franklin
The unspent dollar that passes through the teller's window begins at once to earn another dollar for the depositor.
Moral: We give equal consideration to large and small accounts.
Deposit your Savings regularly, and See how they Grow.
We pay 3 per cent. on Savings Accounts.

THE BLOOMSBURG NATIONAL BANK
BLOOMSBURG PENN'A

REV. T. H. CULLEN.

Former Rector of St. Paul's Church, Bloomsburg, died in Philadelphia on February 15th.

BURIED AT MT. HOLLY, N. J.

The following article is taken from *The Churchman*, published in New York, in last week's issue:

"The Rev. Thomas H. Cullen, a retired priest of the Diocese of New Jersey, residing in Philadelphia, died on February 15th, aged seventy-five years. The committal of his body was made in St Andrew's churchyard, Mt. Holly, N. J., the Rev. James Stoddard, Rector of St. Andrews, and the Rev. Howard E. Thompson, Rector of St. Peters, officiating.

Mr. Cullen was Rector of the last named parish for nearly twenty years during which time he had also charge of Holy Innocents, Beach Haven, N. J., and was in many ways prominent in the diocese.

From this, his last rectorship, he retired more than fifteen years ago, on account of ill health. He had many friends, and many people remember with gratitude his abundant labors."

The Rev. Thomas H. Cullen came to Bloomsburg as Rector of St. Paul's Church, January 5th, 1863. Be remained here until the fall of 1870

When he came here the congregation occupied the old brick church which stood where the Rectory now stands. Early in his rectorship a movement was started for the erection of a new church. The old one was too small and much dilapidated.

These efforts under his leadership were crowned with success. The corner stone of the present handsome structure was laid on September 11th, 1868, and completed early in 1870. For some months previous to its completion, services were held in the Court House, the old church having been pronounced unsafe for occupancy.

Soon after the new church was occupied, Mr. Cullen presented his resignation, much to the surprise and regret of the congregation and vestry He had done splendid work, and there were no dissensions of any kind, but he stated that he had been here seven years, and with a new church and new parochial activity he felt that a new rector also would be beneficial to the parish. His resignation was reluctantly accepted, and he and his estimable wife left here, bearing with them the love and respect of their people, and of the entire community.

The stained glass window in the church near the chancel was the gift of Mrs. Cullen's Sunday school class.

It is our recollection that Mr. Cullen came here from Tioga, Pa., where he was rector of a parish, and that from here he returned to the same parish.

He subsequently was called to Freehold, where he remained until ill health compelled him to retire. He was a man of most lovable disposition, a good preacher and a devoted pastor, and all who remember him here will learn of his death with deep sorrow.

A handsome new electric sign in blue and white has been placed on the front of the new F. P. Pursel store.

DANVILLE GETS LIGHT FROM HERE.

Irondale Plant Lights the Town.

On Saturday night for the first time the electrical current was brought into Danville from Irondale; the two transformers recently installed in the plant of the Standard Electric Light company were started up and the system was given a thorough trial. Everything was found to work admirably. The test will be continued each night this week. Within a few days the high voltage current will be brought to Danville from Harwood.

The transformers are two in number and are installed among the other machinery at the plant. The current entered the transformers at 23,000 volts and left them reduced to 2,200 volts.

The long line is now completed. Nothing remains but to finish the high tension oil switches for controlling the 25,000 at the Berwick and Bloomsburg plants.

The Irondale plant will be run each night this week to fully test the wires and machinery. Meanwhile the lines of the Danville and Sunbury Transit company and the Danville and Bloomsburg Electric Railway company will be supplied with the Irondale current after being reduced in voltage. Connection with the overhead system of the Danville and Bloomsburg line has been established.

BOY LOST FOOT UNDER TRAIN.

Max Bryfogle, the fifteen years old son of W. C. Bryfogle, of East Third Street, was the unfortunate victim of an accident last Thursday which resulted in the loss of his left foot.

He, with some other boys, had gone to the river to see the high water, and crossing to East Bloomsburg were running beside a moving Pennsylvania freight train when young Bryfogle slipped and his left foot was caught under the wheels.

He was helped into the station and later taken to the home of Dr. Bierman by Arthur Bruner where the foot was amputated about four inches above the ankle by Dr. Bierman and Dr. Bruner. The boy was then taken to his home.

The townspeople have a great deal of sympathy for the unfortunate boy and his family.

SUCCESSFUL CALLIEPIAN DRAMA.

The Calliepian Literary Society of the Bloomsburg State Normal School presented a drama in the Auditorium last Saturday, which drew a packed house, which it proved to have merited.

"A Kentucky Belle" was a piece full of amusing comedy, and clever lines, and the work was exceptionally well done.

"VARSITY" WON CONTEST.

The resulting score in a Five Hundred contest between the "Varsity" and "Scrub" teams of the Craftsman Club, held last Monday evening, showed an advantage of over seventy-one hundred for the former.

PHILO VS. CALLIE.

Preparations are in progress at the Normal School for an inter-society debate between two teams representing respectively the Philologian and the Calliepian Literary Societies. It will take place within a short time.

TOWNSEND'S CORNER.

This Style Is One of Many

IF YOU are interested in fine Made-To-Measure Tailoring at prices which none can possibly compete with, your presence is much desired at our store. Ask for "International" and we'll surprise you with their wondrous range of All Wool Fabrics and the classiness of their Models.

WITH EASTER

less than three weeks away, you will be compelled to get busy if you want a new Easter Suit, although we have a beautiful line of Ready to put on Clothing from Children to Men.

NECKWEAR, SHIRTS, HATS, AND CAPS.

TOWNSEND'S CORNER

CLOTHING STORE,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

A Husband's Mistake

Mme. la Baronne de Givone was a reproduction of that famous type of classic beauty, the Greek goddess, examples of which are so rare now and growing more and more so in this fin-de-siecle epoch. A woman born for the Olympian cothurne and the simple drapery clasped upon the shoulder, neither pretty, nor witty, nor marvelous in any way, but Greek, plain Greek from brow to instep—upon the word of her estimable husband, the shrewd, far-sighted, and successful financier, M. le Baron and banker, Alonzo de Givone.

The baron, moreover, was not wrong; madame his wife reflected the universal admiration as a polished reflector throws back the light; they always chose her to preside over those functions that required traditionally statuesque patronesses; men bowed before her as before an armed sentinel, and women never thought of such a thing as being jealous of her.

The age of this beautiful Greek, however, announced by herself, was of a very vague character, like the age of a statue as given on the bill of sale, "somewhere between nine-and-twenty and nine-and-forty-years."

As for the baron's age, it was that of all husbands when they are loyal spouses—fifty years. Very rich and childless, every evening saw them in the social swim, but leading there, as elsewhere, the solemn, ceremonious, well-regulated, dignified life of the old clock in the salon of their stately old mansion in the outskirts of the Bois de Boulogne.

But—alas, that it should be so!—transcendent virtues are always subject to thunder-clap relapses. One day, at the house of a diplomatic personage—a careless parvenu, who opened his doors to all sorts of arts and artistes through an affected democracy—Mme. de Givone made the fatal encounter. She trembled—she the proud, distinguished Baronne de Givone, trembled before a comic singer, the vulgar star of a cafe concert hall.

He had come there, poor devil, to earn a louis and his supper, without a thought of reanimating goddesses of the Parthenon, and was chiefly concerned, while chirping out his "inimitable imitations," by a suddenly discovered slit that striped with white the sooty black of his coat under the arm, and the necessity for keeping his hand clasped over his heart to hide the fiery stroke of an unpaid laundress's iron, which spread itself out in brownish tint upon an otherwise snowy shirtfront.

The physique of this singer of comic ditties perfectly corresponded with his employment—calf-eyed, thick-lipped, nose like a duck's bill, awkward in gait, and with only the knowledge of making a stage-bow fairly well—an ungainliness, all the same, that mattered little; Mme. de Givone was caught by the epidemic that at times seizes all too-perfect women of vaguely defined years.

She believed that she loved Caesar Ibes, and fell upon him, like a bolt from a clear sky, with all the notes, flowers, invitations, et cetera, that women of the great world employ in such cases as barometers, so to speak, of the condition of their affections. Caesar did not, however, return this love, though touched a little, of course, like all amiable animals to whom, through an impulse of pity, one speaks caressingly as one passes. He did not love her; and when she called him the "ray of sunlight in the autumn of her life," instead of telling him, as she might have done, of his "inimitable tones," a dull dislike rose up in his heart against her.

Caesar Ibes was not rich, either; Herminie bankrupted him in cabs engaged by the hour, and actually dared to offer him on his birthday a cigar-case embroidered by her slim Greek fingers, when he would have infinitely preferred to the work of the needle a diamond scarf-pin, or even a good imitation diamond, provided the mounting was not too sham.

Still one can taste a little of love and not become a drunkard. Caesar, not knowing what else to do, permitted himself to go on being loved and being ruined by cab hire, in obedience to the will of the goddess, who made of this prosaic and useful vehicle their regular and not too compromising trysting-place.

It went on thus—well, really, it does not matter how long—when, one morning at the breakfast-table, M. de Givone, with frowning brow, announced a sudden departure, possibly a week's absence, and a call to Lyons on a serious banking errand.

Herminie saw him set out with the joy of an emancipated school-girl, and promptly dispatched a note to her "dear friend" to call upon her that coming evening, closing with directions as to finding the servants' stairway.

"My husband deceives me," she declared; "I am sure that he deceives me, because he has grown so cold to me of late. This voyage is but a pretext to join some—some creature. I scorn him, and I wish to see you—to see you here, in my own house. Come!"

* * * * * *

The evening came, and the clocks of the quarter were still striking ten as Herminie de Givone, the "deceived" wife, all glittering with diamonds and rustling with laces, as she had come from the concert where Ibes, all the fashion at the moment, had been the lion of the occasion, stepped from her carriage, dismissed the waiting maid and ten minutes later, by the servants' stairway, was ushering the young comedian to the sacred precincts of her private boudoir.

A strange awkwardness, however, seemed to settle upon the two culprits as they crossed the threshold of that severely Greek nest, with its Olympian memories; Herminine slowly and silently unclasped her diamond necklace and turned to lay it upon a table near by, and Caesar, with equal slowness, fumbled nervously with the buttons of his concert-hall paletot.

Then, just as the diamonds fell into the bronze tray waiting to receive them—fell with the light spattering sound of falling tears—the door opened again and M. de Givone appeared.

Herminie uttered a cry and fell prone to the floor, and Caesar began mechanically to rebutton his paletot, his pale face convulsed with terror. The banker was pale, too, but ominously calm.

"Sir," said he, quietly drawing a revolver from his pocket, "you are poor, you are a coward, and I know why you are here. You came to steal my wife. Happily, I had taken my precautions. I have placed on guard at each side of the servants' hallway of my house two police officers charged to arrest and to search you. They will find"—pointing to the baronne's jewels glittering in the tray beside them—"that diamond necklace concealed between your shirt and waistcoat: they will take you to the police station, and there you will admit the theft; there, also, you will declare that you were here to see the baronne's maid, and this vulgar comedy will end by a just application of the law—that is to say, a certain number of months in prison. In consideration of recovering the diamonds, however, I agree to do what I can to soften the rigor of the richly deserved sentence."

And smiling blandly, M. de Givone placed his finger upon the revolver's trigger.

"But—but, monsieur," stammered the comedian, entering the tragic role in spite of himself, "you would compel me to sacrifice my honor."

"And my honor, sir," responded the banker, drawing nearer, "what of that, sir? Appearances give me the right to blow out your brains here and now, sir; but I do not love scandal. Take your choice, then. Carry off the diamonds or—I kill you!"

Briefly, nothing was more cleverly arranged. Caesar Ibes was poor, a nobody, riddled with debt, of a physique to please only chambermaids, and Herminie de Givone as flawless before the world as the statue she resembled.

With moist brow and chattering teeth, Caesar made but a step to the table where flamed the resplendent necklace.

"To call out is useless," he grumbled, essaying to smile. "If I told the truth, even, they'd take me for a fool, I suppose!"

"No one would believe you, sir."

Givone raised his arm again, and Caesar saw the gleaming barrel of the revolver almost against his brow. It was an invincible argument. Caesar yielded.

"Well, if I must, I must," said he; "better a prison than death, you know." And the necklace vanished into the hiding-place designated by M. de Givone, who followed him to the threshold, pointing the way he should go, and dropped behind him the portiere.

Caesar found himself alone in the corridor. To the left, in the distance, twinkled the lamp of the vestibule, lighting the servants' stairway; to the right, shining panes of the corridor window. Beyond that window was the garden, beyond the garden the Bois de Boulogne, the fields, security, and freedom!

"Bah! why not?" thought Caesar brusquely, dazzled and blinded by that which he had suddenly conceived; "I've time enough to throw myself into a train; eight hours lands me at Havre, and once in England—the devil himself couldn't catch me. Houp-la! my boy, and that"—snapping his thumb lightly in the direction of the banker's closed door—"that for all the enraged husbands in Paris!"

He threw up the sash, flung a leg over the window-ledge, and—the diamonds with him—was lost in the night.

Six months have gone since then; the worthy financier is still deploring the mistake he made in persuading Caesar to steal against his will, and Mme. la Baronne Givone more than ever resembles a well-groomed statue.

—Translated for the Argonaut from the French of Rachilde by E. C. Waggener.

Thay Knew the Answer.

"Well, there were only three boys in school to-day who could answer one question that the teacher asked us," said a proud boy of eight, according to a writer in the Chicago News.

"And I hope my boy was one of the three," said the proud mother.

"Well, I was," answered Young Hopeful, "and Sam Harris and Harry Stone were the other two."

"I am very glad you proved yourself so good a scholar, my son; it makes your mother proud of you. What question did the teacher ask, Johnnie?"

"Who broke the glass in the back window?"

The International Candle.

Beginning July 1st, a new unit of electric illumination, to be called the international candle, is to be adopted by France, England and the United States. The American standard candle is to be reduced one and six-tenths per cent. in order to make it uniform with the English candle and the Bougie Decimale of France. The value of the Hefner, the German unit, is nine-tenths that of the new candle.

MARCH WEATHER OUTLOOK.

There Promises to be Wide Range of Temperature.

Records for some years show that the mean temperature for March is thirty-nine degrees. During the past twenty-one years, however, there has been a wide range in the temperature. The mercury has during that period climbed up as high as eighty-five degrees and has gone down as low as five. So, judging by these records, there may be some more real winter in the following thirty days. Last March there was a total snowfall of eight inches. March originally was the first month of the year, but in various rearrangements of the calendar it became the third. In some parts of the world it still retains its place as the first month of the year. The sacred year of the Jews begins in March and the feast of Azymes or unleavened bread falls on the fourteenth month of Nizan, or March 29th. The church feasts of March during the current year occur as follows: St. David's day, March 1st; Mid-Lent, March 2nd; St. Patrick's day, March 17th; St. Joseph, March 19; Palm Sunday, March 20th; Maunday Thursday, March 24th; Good Friday and Feast of the Annunciation, March 25th; Holy Saturday, March 26th; Easter Sunday, March 27th. The six weeks following Candlemas, February 2nd (groundhog day) will end Tuesday March 15th, St. Christopher's day, when, according to the supporters of the groundhog weather tradition, the little marmot may come forth from his underground sleeping quarters and not worry about his shadow until next Candlemas. In other words, spring weather should be due on March 15th. But spring does not begin until March 20th, Palm Sunday.

What the Figures Show.

Joseph Chamberlain, the British protectionist, in a speech at Glasgow, said:

"I propose to put no tax whatever on maize, because maize is a food of the very poorest of the people. I propose to exclude bacon from protection also, because bacon forms the staple food for many of the poorest of the population."

In other words, Mr. Chamberlain admitted that the import duty on maize and bacon would have to be paid by the consumer, and not the "foreigner!"

Another question: If our protective system is not the "substantial" explanation of the abnormal increase in the cost of living in the United States, how does it come that British prices, under free trade, increased but 7.7 per cent, in ten years, while American prices under protection, increased 34.3 per cent?

Here is the table which tells its own story, and ought to be considered "Exhibit A" in any Congressional or other investigation into the increased cost of living:

Year.	English Prices.	U. S. Prices.
1896	100.0	100.0
1897	104.4	104.6
1898	109.5	112.6
1899	105.1	116.2
1900	107.2	124.3
1901	107 6	126.3
1902	109.0	132.8
1903	108.0	127.8
1904	108.7	127.9
1905	107.7	134.3
Increase	7.7	34.3

These figures are calculated from official statistics of the British Board of Trade in the "Eleventh Abstract of Labor Statistics," and from figures in 71st "Bulletin of the United States Bureau of Labor."

The year 1895, which was the year preceding the enforcement of the highly protective Dingley tariff, is taken as the standard year, the cost of food in each country being taken as 100. The meaning of the table is that food which cost $1 in Great Britain in 1896, could not be duplicated for less than $1.077 in 1906, and that food for which the American consumer paid $1 in 1896, cost $1.343 in 1906.—*Exchange.*

Keep The Money At Home.

An Ohio concern is sending circulars here, offering to furnish an outfit of printed stationery for $3.85, in advance, customer to pay express charges, which would be 60 to 75 cents.

We will duplicate the offer, save you express charges, will guarantee as good if not better stock, and you can see just what you are getting before you pay for it.

Don't send your money away from home for printing when you can get the same thing for less cash right here. tf.

A fine new line of Wedding invitations just received at this office

LETTERS BY TELEGRAPH.

Western Union to Inaugurate a New Service.

Announcement is now made by the Western Union Telegraph Company that it is now prepared to handle long night messages at the rates customarily charged for ten word day messages. It appears that the Western Union has a large unemployed mileage of wire which is not earning anything. These wires must be maintained in any event to take care of the regular day business, and it is apparently the new idea of the new interests in the Telegraph Company to let the public have the benefit of them. The announcement states that a "special Night Letter Service will be established. The charge for this service will be the standard day rate for ten words for the transmission of fifty words or less, and one fifth of such standard day rate will be charged for each additional ten words or less."

To be taken at these rates Night Letters must be written in plain English language, that is to say, code words or communications written in foreign languages will not be accepted The messages will be taken at any hour up to midnight and transmitted at the Company's convenience during the night for delivery the following morning. For the present the new service is confined to Western Union offices in the United States. The tariffs charged for Night Letters are so low it is expected that the new service will be largely availed of by business concerns and others to quicken their correspondence by using the telegraph instead of the mails. A Night Letter sent by telegraph will reach its destination at the opening of business hours the following morning thus saving as much as three or four days when long distances are involved.

The Passing of the "Deaf and Dumb."

"The habit of the ancients was to put deaf babies to death either by exposure or by violent means," writes Christine Terhune Herrick in *Woman's Home Companion* for March. "Down almost to the present time deaf infants among savages have been disposed of in this fashion.

"Our later methods—deaf and dumb schools in which those thus afflicted are segregated, taught the sign language and instructed in trades in which their disability is not an insuperable drawback—are known to all of us. For years it was taken for granted that such methods of training were the only ones possible to the deaf—and because deaf, dumb. At last there was an effort made abroad, notably in Germany, to teach speech to the deaf. The endeavor spread on the Continent, and despite the prevailing conviction that deafness connotes dumbness, it was proved that the deaf could be taught to speak. The tongue of the dumb was unloosed.

"For some time the speech-teaching efforts were confined to those of school age and over. The thought of taking the deaf child at an age when he would naturally learn to talk, were he possessed of all his faculties, was the inspiration of a woman, the late Miss Emma Garrett, of Philadelphia, who had known of a few intelligent mothers who had done this successfully with their own children.

"'How did she come to think of it?' I asked her sister Miss Mary Garrett, who carries on the work begun by both.

"'I believe the Lord put it into her mind,' said Miss Garrett. 'She had never been especially interested in philanthropy, but when her thoughts were once turned in this direction, she became enthusiastic over the work and devoted her life to it.'"

Bees and Blossoms Feed Swiss.

Switzerland is a land of flowers, and its thrifty inhabitants have made the blossoms very largely contributory to the food supply says the Philadelphia *Record*. According to statistics gathered by the Swiss Society of Agriculturists "there are 250,000 hives or colonies of bees in the country, each of which produces 40 pounds of honey during the season, a total of 10,000,000 pounds a year. The average price of Swiss honey for the year 1909 was 25 cents a pound, giving the year's product a total value of $2,500,000." As the flowers grow without cultivation, and the bees work without other wage than caretaking, producing their own food supply, the honey crop is in great part clear profit. The Swiss honey is of very delicate flavor and fine quality.

Visiting cards and Wedding invitations at the COLUMBIAN office.

900 DROPS

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A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS & CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER

Pumpkin Seed
Alx. Senna
Rochelle Salts
Anise Seed
Peppermint
Bi Carbonate Soda
Worm Seed
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

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At 6 months old
35 DOSES – 35 CENTS

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The Kind You Have Always Bought

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In Use For Over Thirty Years

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MARRIAGE 20 YEARS AGO

Ultra Modern Idea Not New After All.

OLD TIME SIMPLICITY.

Woman's Reply to Charges That Wedded Life is a "Failure" Still Holds Good—Idleness is Fatal, Carelessness of Partners—Home Life Dying Out.

Persons who profess the Christian religion must keep in their hearts a green spot wherein the sanctity of marriage is preserved as a natural law from which there is no receding. Marriage has been from the beginning, and must last indisputably until the very end, and let us hope that it is not in all cases a "failure," says Theresa Corletta in San Francisco News Letter Dec. 15, 1888.

It is we, the inhabitants of this world, who are failures, not the institution, which is the only one out of which law and order can spring. There are two sides of the question to be discussed.

In the past we may remember that marriage was looked upon as a holy alliance; one to be entered into after mature deliberation and only under fortuitous circumstances. A man would as soon have thought of puteing his head in the fire as asking a woman to be his wife unless he had a comfortable home to take her to.

Husbands found pleasure in home-life long ago, and when tired, after the professional or business employments of the day, would ask no greater happiness than to pass their long, happy evenings with their wives; or when little voices and pattering feet echoed through hall or cottage, to gather the children around the winter fire and gambol with them on flower-scented lawn or grass-carpeted fields.

Long ago, the thought of which comes to us who have seen it like the reflection of a bright dream, wife and children looked eagerly for the coming of the beloved parent, whose image held sway in each heart during absence, and each married woman felt happy in her wifehood, glorying in the joy of her home.

Men did not startle the world with the theory they promulgate today, that they "won't be owned." They were happy to be owned by good and faithful wives, and even the youngest men were not satisfied until they had their own firesides. Families went to church together and brought up the little ones in the right way, and no one was ever heard to discuss the possibility of marriages being a "failure."

Things are different today. Just as soon as a girl leaves school she is on the outlook for a "man with money," no matter how old the gentleman may be, if he can give her diamonds and those other accessories for which the woman of today seems solely to live.

The woman who marries a man in medium circumstances only would scorn to "keep house." No, indeed; she wants a "good time." She boards, and here her first troubles commence. To be boxed up day by day with one person, with only the one room, or even suite, except meal hours, to call their own, would lead the most devoted couple to the brink of suicide. Caged up in this way, every little foible and fault stands out in bold relief, and man and woman both grow weary and arrive at the conclusion to each "go their own way."

It is not the marriage tie that is in any way a failure. Why should it be more so now, in the enlightened nineteenth century, than it was in the days of darkness and superstition? There can be no reason, except that possibly we are growing too much enlightened, educated too much, and yet too little.

It is "the people of the people" who are slipping back, who are satiated with the wine of pleasure, the people who do not grow from infancy to youth slowly, and from youth to age, in temperate pleasure, but who are born babies only to be thrust by their silly parents into the caps and gowns of womanhood ere their second teeth are cut.

While men and women live in a round of pleasure, over-sensual, overbearing, having no religion or sense of decorum, how can wedded love live in such an atmosphere? If husbands and wives do not love deeply enough to live for each other, renouncing the frivolties of life for the serene joys of home, why marry at all until they have sobered down and feel the need of rest.

There is nothing the matter with marriage; it is today as it has ever been, but the people are different, different in their ideas, in their affections, in everything, and, forgetting their own shortcomings, they lay their grievance on the shoulders of marriage, and by their own incompetence make it a "failure." But woe to us when marriage is wiped out.

Bible Society Reports.

The annual report of the American Bible Society gives encouraging indications relative to the religious life of the Philippines. The school enrollment has doubled, now being 500,000.

Swedish drill has been started for women prisoners under thirty-five years of age at two prisons, Holloway and Manchester.

ADDRESSING A GOVERNOR.

One Man Did It High-falutin Enough.

"Most Mighty and Honorable Governor," is the way a resident of Gasconade County recently addressed a communication to Governor Folk, wherein he sought a slight favor. Whether he had been through the cellars of the Stone Hill Wine Company at Hermann and tested the contents of the "Twelve Apostles," as twelve huge wine casks are referred to in that town, before indicting the letter, or supposed that he was living under some Oriental potentate who would order him bastinadoed and beheaded if his court etiquette was at fault has not yet been discovered at the State Capitol. The favor he sought, however, will be granted him, since it is neither money, an office, or a patent to 160 acres of land.

The governor assumes that the man was merely endeavoring to show his high respect for the head of the State government and not having consulted Dr. Alonzo Tubbs and learned that no guards are constantly hovering about the Governor with drawn swords, nor does the bow string hang within easy reach of his grand vizer, he presumed that one should address such a powerful personage in the most pleading manner possible or suffer the dire consequences. And how unlike the German's effort at politeness, and due regrad for those in power, was the Miller County woman who addressed a missive to Governor Marmaduke inclosing a $20 Confederate bill.

"You passed that worthless bill on me during the war,' she said, "for feeding you and some soldiers. Now you are Governor and, perhaps, rich. I am a poor widow and I want good money for the bad money you gave me. If you don't send it right away I will call and see you."

Needless to say, Governor Marmaduke did not wait for the call. He replied to the letter the very day he received it and inclosed a $20 treasury note.

"Don't say anything about this incident," said Governor Marmaduke to the newspaper reporters. "I passed a whole lot of that kind of money during the war, and if it should be known that I was redeeming any of it, I would be either bankrupt or in an insane asylum within a week."

And so it seems there are many ways of approaching a Governor of Missouri, for, after all, they are like the rest of humanity. The Miller County woman who approached a man of war with a spirit of defiance, and the Gasconade County German, who unnecessarily humbled himself, both drew prizes, although they approached their quarry from entirely different directions.—St. Louis Republic.

St. Geronimo's Unpleasant End.

An interesting souvenir of St. Geronimo, whose martyrdom consisted of being thrown alive into a block of setting concrete, is at present on exhibition in the quarters of the Concrete Association of America, New York. It consists of a photograph of the cavity left by the saint's body, and was secured by Frank P. Baldwin, chief engineer of the battleship Maine, while visiting in Algiers. According to history, there was born about the year 1520 an Arab boy named Geronimo. He was captured in infancy by the Spanish garrison at Oran, and when about eight years old he escaped from his captors and went back to his family, living as a Mohammedan till the age of twenty-five. He then voluntarily returned to Oran and resumed the Christian life which he had adopted previously when in the hands of the Spanish authorities. A few years later he went on a coasting raid with a party of Spaniards, but the raiders were themselves captured by a Moorish Corsair and brought to Algiers. Here the attempt was made to convert him to Mohammedanism, but he persistently refused to embrace that faith, so that he was tried and condemned to die. His hands were tied behind his back, and he was cast alive, face downward, into a block of concrete, then being prepared for the "Fort des Vingt Quatre Heures," then building. Careful note was taken of the spot by Haido, a Spanish Benedictine missionary to Algiers, who prayed the time might come when the Lord would pave the way for his exhumation and Christian burial. In 1853 the French found it necessary to destroy the fort, and the data left by Haida was found to be correct, for the designated block of concrete on being cut open disclosed the bones of Geronimo and the cavity left by his body. The bones were removed December 27, 1853, and given a Christian burial, and they now rest in a massive stone sarcophagus in the cathedral. A plaster cast was made of the cavity and afterward photographed.—Washington Herald.

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The Kind You Have Always Bought
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OLD HOTEL CLERK KNOWS 'EM

Temperament of Guests Comes Out When They Register Their Names.

"Do I believe that a man's name as he writes it is an indication of his character?" repeated a hotel clerk who has been behind the counter in several cities. "I don't know about character, but I do know that the best of them unmask their real temperament when they write their names on a hotel register—and I hold that there's a difference between character and temperament.

"A man may be bilious and yet have a good character. A man may be a crank and yet hold a job in a bank. I knew a preacher who had a case of dyspepsia that would have made an angel jump over a ten rail fence, but he was all right on the religious goose. I'm talking about temperament that shows itself when a man grabs a pen and writes his name on the register and where he hails from.

"When a man spreads a John Hancock brand of chirography on the book of arrivals I know what sort of room he wants. I know he has to have a bed in which he can wallow like a buffalo.

"When a guest writes his name as he would sign it in a lady's album I put him in the finicky class. I know he wants to thin glass from which to drink his water.

"The arrival who uncovers himself the quickest is the man who tries to write differently from anybody else and has an acquired autograph. The man who develops the trait of getting something under false pretences begins by trying to assume an autograph. I always know that this fellow will have a rumpus with the waiter or the bellhop or the liquid dispenser.

"There is one chap that reaches my heart—the man who writes 'and wife' for the first time after his own name. He can't disguise the fact by his manner, to say nothing of his chirography, that he has just started on the first lap of his honeymoon. He doesn't try to counterfeit his natural penmanship, but he writes 'and wife' as if he thought we were on, wondering how we knew it.

"All things being equal, the newly married arrival is the most agreeable guest in the house. A fellow with a new wife wears velvet shoes so that his kick is never felt. I think if anybody writes a perfectly natural autograph it is the man who has just been married. Then if ever a man tries to be just what he is."

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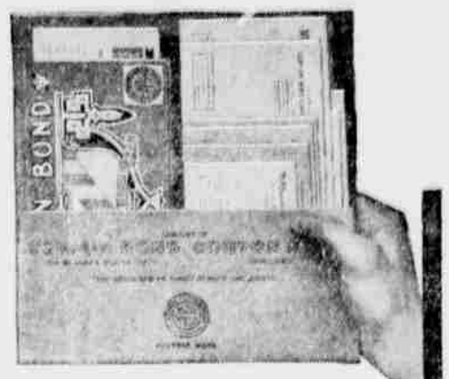

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IGNORE BRYAN ISSUE.

Nebraska Democrats Not Keen on New Temperance Fad.

Lincoln, Neb., Feb. 17.—Several hundred representative Democrats of Nebraska held their annual dollar dinner to-night and incidentally set in motion the wheels for the coming state and Congressional campaigns. The statement of William J. Bryan sent from South America declaring for county option in Nebraska and a divorcement of the liquor influence from politics by common agreement was ignored by the speakers.

References to Mr. Bryan were generally laudatory. Denunciation of the new tariff law was the central idea in the addresses.

British Women "Postmen."

There are no fewer than 4,000 women "postmen" in Great Britain. They are chiefly employed in the rural districts of Wales, Scotland and Ireland.

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PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

Bulletin.

DREADNAUGHT CARS.

The nub of railroading is first-class equipment and reliable service. The Pennsylvania Railroad provides this for the public. For many months bigall-steel coaches, built like Dreadnaughts, have been operated on all through trains. Their easy riding qualities and steadiness of motion have been widely praised. The all-steel dining cars too have distinct advantages over the wooden ones. They are stronger and steadier, and the act of eating is made more enjoyable by the smoother movement.

There are also some steel Pullman Cars—Combined Parlor-Smokers and Baggage—in the service now. Travelers like them. They have plenty of elbow room and they glide over the rails. The Sleeping Cars are coming. Some four hundred parlor and sleeping cars will be in use by Summer.

These steel coaches and cars are the strongest vehicles ever built for passenger transportation. They are fire proof, break proof and bend proof. They represent the climax of safety and the perfection of comfort in railroad travel.

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Cars leave Market Square, Bloomsburg for Berwick:

A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
¶ 5.00	1 2.50	7.50
5.40	1.50	8.50
6.20	2.50	9.50
6.50	3.50	10.50
7.50	4.50	* 11.50
8.50	5.50	
9.50	6.50	
10.50		
11.50		

First car leaves Market Square for Berwick on Sunday at 6.50 a. m.
¶ From Power House.
* Saturday Night Only.

Cars leave Berwick for Danville:

A. M.	M.	P. M.
6.00	12.00	6.00
7.00	P. M.	7.00
*7.20	1.00	8.00
8.00	2.00	9.00
9.00	3.00	*10.00
10.00	4.00	*11.00
11.00	5.00	*12.00
		† 1.00

First car leaves Berwick for Danville on Sunday at 8.00 a. m.
* Bloomsburg Only.
† Saturday Night to Bloomsburg Only.

Cars leave Market Square, Bloomsburg, for Danville:

A. M.	P. M,	P. M.
5.10	12.10	6.10
6.00	1.10	7.10
7.10	2.10	8.10
8.10	3.10	9.10
9.10	4.10	10.10
10.10	5.10	*11.10
11.10		

First car leaves Market Square for Danville on Sunday at 7.10 a. m.
* Saturday Night Only.

Cars leave Danville for Berwick:

A. M.	M.	P. M.
6.00	12.00	6.00
7.00	P. M.	7.00
8.00	1.00	8.00
9.00	2.00	9.00
10:00	3.00	10.00
11.00	4.00	* 11.00
	5.00	¶12.00

First car leaves Danville for Berwick on Sunday at 8.00 a. m.
* Bloomsburg Only.
¶ Saturday Night to Bloomsburg Only.

Cars leave Market Square, Bloomsburg for Catawissa:

A. M.	M.	P. M.
5.30	12.00	6.00
6.15	P. M.	†7.00
†7.00	1.00	8.00
†8.00	†2.00	9.00
9.00	†3.00	10.10
†10.00	4.00	*11.00
†11.00	5.00	

First car leaves Market Square for Catawissa on Sunday at 7.00 a. m.
* Saturday Night Only.
† P. R. R. Connections.

Cars leave Catawissa for Bloomsburg:

A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
5.50	12.30	6.30
6.35	1.30	7.30
7.30	2.30	8.30
8.30	3.30	9.30
9.30	4.30	10.30
10.30	5.30	* 11.30
11.30		

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NORTHWARD.

	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	21 A.M.
	†	†	†	†
Bloomsburg D L & W...	9 00	2 37	6 15	8 01
Bloomsburg P & R.....	9 02	2 39	6 17	...
Paper Mill.....	9 14	2 52	6 29	8 28
Light Street.....	9 18	2 55	6 34	8 32
Orangeville.....	9 26	3 03	6 42	8 52
Forks.....	9 36	3 13	6 52	7 08
Zaners.....	f9 40	f3 17	6 57	7 15
Stillwater.....	9 48	3 25	7 03	7 30
Benton.....	9 56	3 33	7 12	8 10
Edsons.....	f10 00	f3 37	7 17	8 39
Coles Creek.....	f10 03	f3 40	7 21	8 26
Laubachs.....	f10 08	f3 45	7 31	8 35
Grass Mere Park.....	f10 10	f3 47	7 33	....
Central.....	10 15	3 52	7 41	8
Jamison City.....	10 18	3 55	7 45	9

SOUTHWARD.

	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	22 A.M.
	†	†	†	†	†
Jamison City....	5 50	10 48	4 35	7 00	11 15
Central.....	5 53	10 51	4 38	7 03	11 30
Grass Mere Park	f6 01	f11 00	f4 47	f7 12	.....
Laubachs.....	f6 03	f11 02	f4 48	f7 13	11 38
Coles Creek.....	f6 10	f11 06	f4 53	f7 22	11 46
Edsons.....	f6 14	f11 09	f4 56	f7 24	11 50
Benton.....	6 18	11 13	5 00	7 28	12 25
Stillwater.....	6 28	11 21	5 08	7 38	12 35
Zaners.....	f6 35	f11 29	f5 17	f7 45	12 43
Forks.....	6 39	11 33	5 21	7 49	12 50
Orangeville.....	6 50	11 42	5 31	8 00	1 10
Light Street.....	7 00	11 50	5 39	8 10	1 28
Paper Mill.....	7 03	11 53	5 42	8 13	1 27
Bloom. P & R.....	7 18	12 05	5 55	8 25	1 47
Bloom. D L & W.	7 20	12 10	6 00	8.30	1 50
		P. M			P M

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ESTABLISHED 1866.

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THURSDAY, MARCH 10, 1910

DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATES

FOR REPRESENTATIVE,
WILLIAM C. JOHNSTON,
of Bloomsburg.

The Inevitable Conflict.

Is the inevitable conflict of labor and capital, nation-wide in its scope, at haud? Many have believed for years that such a conflict must come shortly. Incidents connected with the strike of the street car men in Philadelphia, now on at the Bethlehem steel works, and the unrest that is in evidence in railroad circles in widely separated sections of the country will be of ominous import to these persons, says the Altoona Tribune.

Was it a mere bluff, or was Organizer Pratt speaking from the books in Philadelphia Saturday when he "declared that the present struggle was not that of the carmen for improvement of their own condition, but a fight of organized labor against capital * * * that the strike of the carmen heralds a national movement?"

Was it simply a coincidence that the strike at Bethlehem came on the heels of the street car trouble in Philadelphia, or is it a step in the struggle mentioned by Pratt?

Is it of no special import that both of these strikes have shown an ugly temper on the part of the strikers and their friends that has been less evident in strikes of the near past, or should it be considered as a foreshadowing of what may be expected in the near future?

These are questions that cannot be answered off hand. It will require time to determine them.

This much is certain. The sporadic strikes of the past have generally been only outbursts in revolt against local conditions. Though all of them have shown a sullen resentment against organized capital, they have been far from organized attacks upon capital. But the resentment has been growing all the time. All the time workingmen have been organizing into more compact unions, and naturally the union leaders have been increasing in efficiency with experience. Even though it is true that the number of men in the unions is but a minority of the men who work with their hands, it should not be forgotten that the total membership of the unions reaches up into the millions, that these unions are composed of men who are primarily seeking to better their conditions, that this seeking for better conditions, indicates that those so engaged are giving the matter thought, that thought begets increased brain power, that the combination of brain and brawn in millions of men seeking a common end is a mighty force, and finally, that when this army develops leaders competent to develop plans and carry them out, it is bound to use this force in a concerted effort to attain this common end.

With the undoubted increase in efficiency on the part of the labor leaders, and the increasing unrest consequent upon considering their condition on the part of the rank and file of the unions, only two things are required to start this concerted effort. The first is such a social and financial condition that the exasperation of the multitude shall find expression in an explosive outburst. This condition is pretty nearly here. The workmen have seen that in the last ten years the living has increased from fifty to seventy-five per cent. They have noted that in this same time their wages, if they have increased at all, have not grown more than about twenty per cent.

Herein lies the powder magazine of the labor proposition. The other thing lacking to make an explosion that a tiny and unexpected spark may start a concerted effort, the beginning of the inevitable conflict that only great wisdom and general forbearance can avert, is the real leader of the leaders.

This man has not yet appeared. It may be that he will never appear. It may be that there will be sufficient wisdom and forbearance all around to avert the catastrophe. Possibly that cataclysm called the inevitable conflict between labor and capital will never arrive. Let us hope so. But there is enough gravity in the situation to warrant sober thought on the part of all. There must be a relaxation of the national tension or something will break.

More Alaskan Gold Found.

Alaska may be a greater prize than man has ever dreamed. Recent investigations in the Innoko district, the central Kuskokwim Valley and the new Haiditarod district, now partially finished by the United States Geological Survey, disclose new placer gold districts which promise heavy returns.

The territory bought from Russia for $7,000,000 in 1867 has to the present time paid $160,000,000 in gold since 1880, when placer mining there began, and what the resources of its copper, coal and other minerals will be is beyond the estimation of man.

The discovery by agents of the survey of placers on the small streams in areas which are drained into the lower Yukon or the lower Kuskokwim prove that the formations of the upper Yukon belts extend much farther southwest than had generally been supposed, and that they bear gold at many scattered localities throughout their extent.

The Innoko district has attracted some attention already and other areas are now being exploited with prospects of large results. Sufficent prospecting has been done there to indicate the presence of a pay stream from 50 to 70 feet wide, with gold uniformly distributed.

One Doctor—Only One

No sense in running from one doctor to another! Select the best one, then stand by him. No sense either in trying this thing, that thing, for your cough. Carefully, deliberately select the best cough medicine, then take it. Stick to it. Ask your doctor about Ayer's Cherry Pectoral for throat and lung troubles. Sold for nearly seventy years. No alcohol in this cough medicine. *J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.*

Why try this thing, that thing, for your constipation? Why not stick to the good old reliable family laxative—Ayer's Pills? Ask your doctor if he approves this advice.

WASHINGTON

From our Regular Correspondent.

Washington, D. C., Mar. 4, 1910.

Congress has now been in session for three months, and the ambitious legislative program announced in the beginning has been considerably modified. There was a long conference at the Executive Mansion when the President, Speaker Cannon, Senators Aldrich, Crane, and the Attorney General decided upon a narrower program which they will endeavor to carry out at this session of Congress. The President and both Houses of Congress through the leaders of the House and Senate will endeavor to get a postal savings bank bill, a railroad bill, and perhaps one or two conservation bills through Congress. An anti-injunction bill is also on the program, but the passage of this is quite doubtful. A measure for a different form of government in Alaska has been abandoned for this session. The national incorporation bill has gone by the board, unless the Supreme Court shall make such a decision in the Tobacco Trust Case as will promote the enactment of the national incorporation measure The bills for the admission of New Mexico and Arizona have little prospect of being passed. It will be seen from this statement that the President will get at this session but a small part of the legislation foreshadowed in his recent message to Congress. But he has been only one year in office, and if there shall be an uninterrupted majority both in the Senate and in the House, especially of legislators favorable to the Roosevelt policies as interpreted by President Taft, more may be accomplished during the remaining three-fourths of his presidential term. The Republican leaders have not only opposed the President, but they have shown decided coldness to much that he has recommended.

***

The national food inquiry committee in the Senate, of which Senator Lodge of Massachusetts is chairman and Senators Smoot, Gallinger, Crawford, McCumber and Johnston the five Republicans, and Senators Clark and Simmons, the two Democrats, have so far devoted their attention entirely to the surface of the field of investigation which they propose to cover. They have outlined their course and announce themselves ready to get down to the facts. There appears to be an immense amount of palaver by learned Senators on a subject with which men, women and children are pretty well acquainted. The data over which they are so gravely pawing has been in existence for a long time, and why should they go through the ponderous formalities of calling on foreign representatives abroad for information as to corditions there, when the question is one which concerns the immediate homes of the people of the United States If conditions abroad played any important part in the increased costs, we would have known of it long before our consuls had been ordered to investigate. This solemn, gin-horse, pretense of progress by congressional investigating committees is one of the things that is inspiring contempt and distrust of Congress.

***

So far as known, Washington is the only city in the United States that has concluded its incubation on the subject of high cost of living. The city Chamber of Commerce has probed the problem, and its verdict is that high prices are not due to local causes. When it is remembered that this Chamber of Commerce consists largely of local grocers, commission men, butchers and bakers who have sat with themselves on themselves and exculpated themselves, the result of their investigation will be edifying, but not surprising. It has been said, and I believe with truth, that the costs of foods in Washington are on an average twenty per cent higher than in Philadelphia, New York, Boston, and other eastern cities.

***

It is thought that within the next eight or ten days Congress will again vote on the question of changing the date of the presidential inauguration from the 4th of March to the last Thursday in April. This change cannot be provided for except by an amendment to the constitution of the United States, but the House Judiciary Committee has voted favorably upon the resolution to change the date, as presented by Congressman Henry of Texas. Mr. Henry has carefully canvassed the House and expects that his resolution will receive the support of a large majority of its members. After the resolution has passed Congress, it will still have to run the gauntlet of forty-six state legislatures, because it will require a vote of three-fourths of the states before it can become a law.

***

Wednesday of this week, Senator Gallinger presented a measnre to incorporate the Rockefeller Foundation of Washington, from which it appears that the great wealth of this richest man in the world is to be devoted to the general benefit of humanity and to promote the well being and advance the civilization of the peoples of the United States and territories and of foreign lands, in the acquisition and dissemination of knowledge, in the prevention of suffering and in the promotion of any and all of the elements of human progress. No similar work ever set on foot equals this of Mr. Rockefeller.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

THE NEW ROAD LAW.

Supervisors to meet with Auditors First Monday in March.

The new road law for townships passed by the Legislature of 1909, provides for a number of important changes, and we herewith give the salient features of the new law. The road supervisors of each township shall meet at the place where the auditors of the respective township meet to perform their official duties, on the first Monday in March 1910, and yearly thereafter; and after being duly sworn, according to law, to discharge their duties with fidelity—a copy of the oath to be filed with the township auditors—shall organize as a body by electing one of their number as chairman, and shall appoint a treasurer and a secretary, who may or may not be the same person, who may or may not be a member and members of the board, but who shall not be a roadmaster as the secretary shall perform all the duties heretofore performed by the township clerk, which office is hereby abolished; and the said secretary shall receive as compensation for his service such sum as shall be fixed by township auditors, and the treasurer shall receive as compensation such sum as shall be fixed by the township auditors: Provided That the combined amount paid said secretary treasurer shall not exceed two per centum of the money paid by said treasurer. The board shall proceed immediately to levy a road tax, which shall not exceed ten mills etc. They may levy an additional tax of ten mills by order of the court the same as heretofore. The road supervisors are to divide their township into road districts of not less than five miles to each district, etc.: Provided also, That nothing in this act shall prohibit the road supervisors from overseeing and working on the road themselves, on part or all the roads in their township instead of employing roadmasters; the compensation of such supervisors to be fixed by the township auditors, at the annual meeting in March herein provided for. The new law provides that the road taxes are to be collected by the tax collector. An abatement of five per cent. will be allowed if paid before June first; from June first to October first the full amount is to be paid; after October first the collector shall add five per cent.

Dangerous Counterfeit.

Notices have been sent to banks all over the country of the appearance of an unusually dangerous counterfeit one-dollar bill so skillfully done that it can be detected with difficulty even by an experienced eye. The description states that one of the conspicuous things about the counterfeit is that the portraits of Lincoln and Grant are printed much darker than on the genuine and that the Lincoln portrait gives the emancipator a cadaverous appearance. The words "United States" near the Lincoln portrait are not fully formed. On the back of the note there is an absence of the light lines, which in the genuine bill shape the curve and this produces a dull slate color appearance. The back plate number 2344 or 2844, which is apparently done by hand, is not perfect perpendicular. The front plate No: 4810. The series is back of 1899 and the check letter B.

Postal Bank Bill Assured.

The differences among Senators regarding the provisions of the postal savings bank bill have been so reconciled that it is now believed its passage is assured when the vote is taken to-day. The compromise was agreed upon at a conference held Monday at Senator Carter's committee room, in which the conflicting interests were represented.

COME NOW FOR LINENS

Onr Semi-Annual Event Emphasizing Marked Economics in Table Linens and Allied Linens.

Come. Select your linens. This is a linen buying time because it's money saving time. There is safety as well as savings in buying linens here. We will tell you whether a cloth is all linen, or cotton and linen mixed. You must not be fooled. But whether you buy all linen or cotton and linen mixtures—you'll get the biggest money's worth you ever secured.

BLEACHED TABLE LINENS

56 inch bleached table linen, regular value 25c now 20c
60 inch bleached table linen, regular value 50c now 45c
66 inch bleached table linen, regular value 75c now 69c
72 inch bleached table linen, regular value 85c now 73c
70 inch bleached table linen, regular value $1 now 89c
72 inch bleached double damask, regular value 1.15 now 98 cents.
72 inch bleached double damask, regular value 1.50 now 1.29.
72 inch bleached double damask, regular value 1.59 now 1.39.
72 inch bleached double damask, regular value 1.75 now 1.59.
72 inch bleached double damask, regular value 2.25 now 1.98.

Unbleached Table Linens

56 in. unbleached table linens, regular value 25c now 20c
60 in. unbleached table linens, regular value 39c now 32½
60 in. unbleached table linens, regular value 50c now 45c
70 in. unbleached linens, regular value 56c now 49c.
60 in. unbleached linens, regular value 60c now 50c.
64 in. unbleached linens, regular value 75c now 58c.

Ready Made Towels Included in This Sale

Plain all linen huckaback towels 18x36 in. very heavy, regular value 50c.. now 39c a pair.
Plain huckaback towels 17x36 in. regular value 30c., now 22 cents a pair.
Regular 30c Turkish bath towels reduced to 22c a pair.
Regular 50c Turkish bath towels reduced to 44c a pair.
Plain huckaback towels 17x32, regular value 20c apiece, now 18c a pair.
Every towel in stock reduced for this sale, and variety is complete. Buy towels now.

F. P. PURSEL,
BLOOMSBURG, - PENN'A

An Irresistible Bargain.

$1.75 Value for Only $1.15.

ALL FOR ONLY $1.15

One Year's Subscription for McCall's Magazine
Any 15-Cent McCall Pattern you may select
One Year's Subscription for The Columbian.

McCALL'S MAGAZINE

Is a large, artistic, handsomely illustrated hundred-page monthly magazine. It contains sixty new Fashion Designs in each issue. Every woman needs it for its up-to-date fashions, entertaining stories and complete information on all home and personal topics. Over one million subscribers. Acknowledged the best Home and Fashion Magazine. Regular price, 5 cents a copy. Worth double.

McCall Patterns

So simple you cannot misunderstand them. Absolutely accurate. In style, irreproachable. You may select, free, any McCall Pattern you desire from the first number of the magazine which reaches you. Regular price, 15 cents.

The Columbian

is the oldest newspaper in the county. It is not sensational, and what it prints is reliable, and fit to be read by anybody. Regular price $1.00 per year.

DON'T MISS

THIS EXTRAORDINARY OFFER

Call at our office or address your order to

The Columbian, Bloomsburg, Pa

AT EVANS'

STRIKINGLY HANDSOME DRESS BOOT

in the newest style. In dull finish calf with black cloth top, button.

For Women, Price $3.50.

TRY A PAIR.

CHAS. M. EVANS.

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, MARCH 10, 1910

Entered at the Post Office, Bloomsburg, Pa., as second-class matter, March 1, 1888.

C. W. Funston's new car arrived from Chicopee Falls, Massachusetts, on Monday. It is a six cylinder, forty horse-power Stevens-Duryea, and is a very handsome machine.

The members of the Retail Liquor Dealers Association of Philadelphia have unanimously agreed to close their saloons whenever any disturbance incident to the strike occurs in their vicinity.

ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM

has been used successfully for years for deep-seated coughs, colds and bronchitis. Everybody should know about it. It is simple, safe and sure. 2-17 tf

Philadelphia isn't the only place that is being troubled with riots, if that is any consolation to the inhabitants of the city of Brotherly Love. Berlin has been having its hands full, with Socialistic disorders prevailing.

Philander C. Knox, Jr., the son of the Senator, who was until Monday a student in a school at Providence, R. I., stirred up a row by suddenly marrying a clerk in a department store, and being asked to leave the school. He and his wife then left for Washington.

This is An Easy Test.

Shake Allen's Foot-Ease in one shoe and not in the other, and notice the difference. Just the thing to use when rubbers or overshoes become necessary, and your shoes seem to pinch. Sold Everywhere, 25c. Don't accept any substitute. 2-17 4t

A Philadelphia paper stated on Monday morning that Director of Public Safety Clay, of Philadelphia, considered the sympathy strike a joke. He seems to be able to derive more fun out of the fracas than most of that city's business men, and those who have Philadelphia's interest at heart.

To Mothers in This Town.

Children who are delicate, feverish and cross will get immediate relief from Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children. They cleanse the stomach, act on the liver, making a sickly child strong and healthy. A certain cure for worms. Sold by all druggists, 25c. Sample FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N.Y.

Ex-Senator Thomas C. Platt, of New York, died last Sunday. He was living in rented apartments, and had been for some time in bad health. Once the political boss of his state, and a power in the Senate, it was he that persuaded Roosevelt to accept the Vice-Presidency, in order to get rid of him in local politics.

SAFE AND SURE.

Among the medicines that are recommended and endorsed by physicians and nurses is Kemp's Balsam, the best cough cure. For many years it has been regarded by doctors as the medicine most likely to cure coughs, and it has a strong hold on the esteem of all well-informed people. When Kemp's Balsam cannot cure a cough we shall be at a loss to know what will. At druggists' and dealers', 25c.

The following letters are held at the Bloomsburg, Pa., post office: Miss Harriet L. Clark, Mrs. Abner Kline, Miss M. B. Belles, Mrs. Mary Long, Miss M. Helen Hain, Mr. Chas. H. Scott, Mr. Ed Klever, Mrs. Alice Welliver. Cards, Leona Brown, Warren Kitchen, Miss Gertrude Hess, Miss Susan Smith, Mr. Ernest Young.

Mr. Hendershott Unfortunate.

The friends of Albert Hendershott, of Washington, D. C., are sorry to learn that he was recently operated upon in a hospital in his city, and had a foot amputated. For some time he has been troubled with what he supposed was rheumatism, but it developed into diabetis of the foot, and its removal was necessary. Mr. Hendershott is the brother of the late Mrs. H. W. Sloan, and of Norman Hendershott, also deceased.

H. W. Sloan, of town, is at present in Washington visiting Mr. Hendershott.

COUNCIL MEETING

Adjourned After Roll Call Out of Respect to the late Charles W. Runyon.

The Town Council met Monday evening, and adjourned immediately after the call of the roll out of respect to its late member, Charles W. Runyon.

Councilman James Magee H. voiced the feelings of all the members in saying: "Bloomsburg has lost one of its best citizens and the Town Council one of its most valued members in the death of Mr. Runyon. No one not closely in touch with his work could realize what an immense amount of his time he gave to the town nor how faithfully he performed his duties. He is a man who will be hard to replace."

A special session of Council will be held later in the month.

JINGOISM.

During the past few days a number of newspapers have been flourishing headlines predicting a national catastrophe of hugh dimensions; in fact, a civil war, engulfing the entire country, with Labor and Capitol as the opponents.

Assuredly, conditions at the present time are strained in Philadelphia, Bethlehem, and other places, but it is too radical an opinion, it seems to us, which is being expressed by some contemporaries. Furthermore, it is dangerous. While it will not influence the country as a whole, it is just such sentiments which tend to incite the more anarchistic classes.

While there is no doubt trouble ahead, we believe that the better thinkers of the country will in time solve the labor problem satisfactorily, and that such conditions as have been predicted will not come to pass. It were better to be optimistic, and refrain from sensational journalism, which, aside from selling papers, can serve no other purpose than that of encouraging violence on the part of the irresponsible and the unthinking.

JUDGE BROWN AT THE NORMAL.

Judge Willis Brown, author of the Utah Juvenile Court laws and founder of the system, first and former Judge of the Salt Lake City Juvenile Court, President of the National Juvenile Betterment Association, and founder and head director of the Boy City of Winona, Ind., will lecture in the Normal Auditorium to-morrow, Friday evening, March eleventh.

His juvenile laws are pronounced by the world's best students as the greatest.

Of his plans for institutions for children, the practical working out in permanent uplift of the children in those he inaugurated, tell why he is an authority.

Of his preventive methods, the marvelous success of the Winona Boy City, a summer municipality of boys, with world-wide publicity and favorable comment, proves his ability to do things.

This should prove to be one of the most entertaining numbers of the Normal Lecture Course.

5,000 MEN EMPLOYED.

With every department now running to practically full capacity an average of 5,000 men are employed each day at the works of the American Car and Foundry company at Berwick. There are between 5500 and 5600 men whose names appear on the pay roll for the month of February but with allowance for those who work but a short time and those who do not work the entire time, the 5,000 represents the average number of men working each day.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

RECENT DEATHS.

WILLIAM H. WEBB.

William H. Webb died at his home on Centre Street last Saturday evening, as the result of a stroke of paralysis from which he had been suffering for ten days. He was seventy-two years old, being born in the County of Cornwall, England, October 5, 1838. He came to this country with his parents when ten years of age, the family first moving to Boyertown. He moved to Bloomsburg during the war and followed his occupation of ore miner. He married Miss Hannah Whitenight, a lifelong resident of Bloomsburg, in 1864, the latter preceding him to the grave two years ago.

He was struck by a fall of rock in the mines almost thirty years ago and from that time on he was unable to perform any hard labor. For years he conducted a cigar store on East Main street, retiring from the business about three years ago, since which time he has resided on Center street.

Mr. Webb was one of the charter members of the Friendsaip Fire Company, of which he has been annually elected president for the last fifteen years.

He was also for years judge of election in the Third Ward and at the last election was re-elected.

Surviving him are one brother and three sisters: Thomas B., of town, who is now seriously ill at the Miners' Hospital at Fountain Springs, and Mrs. Benjamin Blewett and Miss Emma Webb, of town, and Mrs. William Hart, of Bellefonte. While no children ever blessed their union, Mrs. Ella Fox Gilbert, of Philadelphia, and Misses Margaret and Anna Fox, of Bloomsburg, who made their home with Mr. and Mrs. Webb after their mother's death, were as near to them as children and Mr. Webb's death is a great sorrow to them.

Funeral services were held Tuesday afternoon at 4 o'clock, at St. Paul's church, with Rev. J. W. Diggles, the rector, officiating.

The Friendship Fire Company attended the services in a body, in uniform.

The pall-bearers were: William H. Gilmore, A. V. Hower, L. A. Benshoff, John Lewis, F. P. Knorr, George Heist, H. C. Pollock and Harry Gilmore, all members of the fire company.

JOHN T. TRACY.

John T. Tracy died at his home on West Main Street last Sunday night about eleven o'clock. For several years he had been a victim of tuberculosis, for which he had undergone treatment at White Haven, and in Philadelphia, where specialists attended him.

Mr. Tracy was well known and well liked in Bloomsburg. He was straightforward and honest, and won friends both in a social way and in business.

He was forty-two years old. Starting in as a telegragh operator in Bloomsburg and Scranton, he added reportorial work for the city dailies to his activities. He was for a time joint proprietor of the Exchange Hotel with James McCloskey. He has been secretary of the town council, and book-keeper at the Silk Mill.

Two years ago, with Arthur W. Sharpless, he purchased the plant of the Bloomsburg Steam Heating Company and organized the Bloomsburg Heating Company, a business they have improved and made successful.

Surviving him is his wife, formerly Miss Margaret Casey; his mother, Mrs. Katherine Tracy and two brothers: William, of town, and James, of Henrietta, N. Y.

The funeral services were held in St. Columba's church Wednesday morning at 9 o'clock, with Rev. J. R. Murphy of whose church he was a member, officiating. Interment was made in Rosemont cemetery.

Cheap Dirt.

If you wish to buy either improved or unimproved land in the most fertile and productive diversified farming belt in the whole Northwest, write us for information. Hardwood timber, no stone, good water, good roads, Schools, etc. 65 miles from Minneapolis and St. Paul in Benton and adjoining counties, Minnesota. Prices $10 to $40. Agents wanted. Good proposition.

Benton County Real Estate Co.,
Sauk Rapids, Minnesota.

3-10-17.

SPEND EASTER AT ATLANTIC CITY.

Easter Sunday is the great day at Atlantic City. Round trip tickets via "The Reading" sold on Saturday March 26, good for 15 days at $5.05. Stop over allowed at Philadelphia. 3-3-10-17-24.

THE DOLLAR GUN TAX.

To be Paid by Every Man Who Hunts.

A matter that the state game commissioner will lay before the next Legislature will be that of the resident gun tax—or a tax of one dollar to every man that hunts. Secretary Kalbfus, of the commission, said: "A tax of one dollar would maintain thirty game preserves such as the three now in the state, would pay a competent force of officers and would make possible a bigger bounty than ever before in Pennsylvania. It would also create a fund that would make possible the payment of farmers who would winter quail and then open their farm land to hunters who are registered. Such a tax would make a hunter's paradise of Pennsylvania and there would be ten times the amount of game in the state that there is now. The tax would place the state in a position to restock its forests with more game. 'Hunting is a necessity as well as a sport,' continued Dr. Kalbfus. 'The state owes it to the boys of Pennsylvania that there be good hunting.' There must be game if the state expects them to do duty as soldiers when called upon, they must be expert shooters. I believe that boys under fourteen should not be taxed. A tax might be objected to by some of the farmers, but only by those who do not understand the working out of a tax. If there were a tax there would be a sure bounty; there would be no running out of bounty money. A farmer who pays the tax could get his dollar repaid if he killed but one weasel.

HOTELS CLOSED.

Rather than walk the streets all night, three Philadelphia drummers slept in the county jail at Lewistown one night last week.

The plight of the trio, Charles Buck, Jack Wyle and Lewis Ball, was due to the strike of the caravanseries because of the refusal of liquor licenses by the county court. The salesmen arrived in town on the last train. After applying at all the hotels, one after another, and walking the streets until after midnight, they applied to Sheriff S. H. Boyer, who tendered them a spare dungeon.

Owing to the hotels being closed there and at McVeytown, the agricultural party on the Pennsylvania railroad instruction train was unable to get dinner.

Snow Slide Harrassing Trains.

Avalanches have been causing great damage and loss of life in the North West. Almost daily despatches are received telling of narrow escapes of trains in the mountain passes. Last week one of the most appalling of railroad accidents occurred, when an avalanche carried a Great Northern express train down into a canyon, and buried it in forty feet of snow, causing the death of nearly one hundred persons.

Berwick Masons Celebrate Anniversary.

Knapp Lodge, F. and A. M., of Berwick celebrated its fortieth anniversary last Friday evening, in the Masonic Hall in the Dickson Building. Over forty Bloomsburg Masons chartered a special car, and went up to attend the affair. Music and refreshments were furnished. Visitors from many other places were present, and all enjoyed a pleasant evening.

La Grippe, Influenza.

FIRST SYMPTOMS.—*Coryza*, or nasal irritation or discharge, *cough*, sore throat; *headache; backache;* and general depression.

MORE SERIOUS SYMPTOMS.—*Pain in head, back, chest, or limbs*, sometimes of sudden and prostrating *neuralgic* character; sometimes *cerebral excitement*, even delirium, extreme *prostation, languor or debility; depression of mind*, even after the first violence of the attack has passed away; *bronchitis*, or *bronchopneumonia* may become serious complications.

Humphreys' Specific "Seventy-Seven" knocks out the Grip and breaks up Colds which are obstinate, that "hang on" and do not yield to treatment.

Handy to carry, fits the vest pocket. All Drug Stores. 25c.

Humphreys' Homeo. Medicine Co., Cor. William and Ann Streets, New York.

The State Finances.

The balance in the general fund of the state treasury on March first, was $7,247,748.94, a higher figure than on the first day of February. The sinking fund contained $2,450,031.76.

HER WEIGHT INCREASED FROM 100 TO 140 POUNDS.

Wonderful Praise Accorded Peruna the Household Remedy

Mrs. Maria Goertz, Orienta, Oklahoma, writes:

"My husband, children and myself have used your medicines, and we always keep them in the house in case of necessity. I was restored to health by this medicine, and Dr. Hartman's invaluable advice and books. People ask about me from different places, and are surprised that I can do all of my housework alone, and that I was cured by the doctor of chronic catarrh. My husband was cured of asthma, my daughter of earache and catarrh of the stomach, and my son of catarrh of the throat. When I was sick I weighed 100 pounds; now I weigh 140.

"I have regained my health again, and I cannot thank you enough for your advice. May God give you a long life and bless your work."

Pennsylvania Memorial.

Work on the $140,000 Pennsylvania memorial to the State troops who fought at Gettysburg, has been begun in earnest. The dedication will take place on September 27.

The monument will be the most costly on the field and will be a most striking memorial. It will be located on the center of a four-acre plot which has been set aside and will be known as Pennsylvania Park. Already the monument has been fairly started and the cores of four hugh granite pillars supporting the arched dome have been completed for some time.

The memorial will be a double triumplal arch surmounted by a dome on which will be placed a bronze statue of "Victoria." A granite terrace will surround it and a low granite "fence", on which will be ninety-six bronze tablets will complete the handsome monument. The tablets will contain the names of 25,000 Pennsylvanians who fought there, as they appear on the muster rolls of the night before the opening of the battle.

A stairway will admit visitors to the space around the dome, which will serve as an observatory over the site of the world-famous Pickett's charge.

AS AGENT FOR THE

Pullman Motor Car Company

I present herewith cuts of five of the best selling models of the Pullman Car for 1910.

The 1909 models have more than fulfilled their guarantees in all of the many tests to which they have been subjected.

I have oversold my allotment for this year, and have secured a special option on a few cars for a limited time only.

I am fully justified in saying that the Pullman is one of the most popular medium priced cars on the market today.

I would urge prospective buyers to avoid disappointment by placing their orders as soon as possible.

I will be glad to furnish detailed illustrations of the different models.

C. W. McKelvy

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Pullman Cars are Licensed Under the Selden Patent.

FOR SALE!

The fine residence property of the late Judge Elwell is for sale.

Location:

West Third Street between Jefferson and West Streets.

Description:

Two story and attic, brick and frame. 13 rooms. Lot about 66 by 212 feet.

FRAME BARN AND COW STABLE,

large garden, abundance of fruit trees.

The house has a Steam Heating Plant, Bath Room, Stationary Range and Wash Tubs; Water, Electric Light, and Gas.

Will be sold on easy terms. Apply to

GEO. E. ELWELL,
Attorney
Bloomsburg, Pa.

Our Pianos

are the leaders. Our lines include the following makes:

CHAS. M. STIEFF,
HENRY F. MILLER,
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Send for Booklet.

30-6m.

T. C. PLATT DEAD AT SEVENTY-SIX

Suddenly Taken with Fainting Spells, and Expires Amid His Children

WAS LONG OUT OF POLITICS

Aged Ex-Senator Succumbs to Sudden Attack in New York After Years of Broken Health—Cause of His Death was Acute Bright's Disease.

New York, N. Y., Mar. 10.—Thomas Collier Platt, Republican leader of the State of New York for a score of years and intensely interested in the Republican party from its organization in 1856, died unexpectedly in his apartments at 133 West Eleventh street. He would have been 77 years old if he had lived until July 15. The direct cause of his death was acute Bright's disease. For a number of years he had suffered from a palsy of the legs, which kept him to a wheel chair much of the time. Within the last two years evidences of Bright's disease had become apparent to his physician, Dr. Paul Outerbridge. On May 28 last, Dr. Outerbridge believed that his patient would die on that day. Mr. Platt, however, recovered and was able to attend the wedding of his grandson, Livingston Platt, son of Frank H. Platt. He took a temporary home at Freeport, Long Island, then went to Atlantic City, remaining there until election day (and this, by the way, was the first time that he had not voted in Owego, Tioga County, his birthplace, for fifty years), and later went to Lakewood, remaining there until late in January, when he returned to his apartments in West Eleventh street, where he was constantly attended by Gustave Abel, formerly a Custom House employee and one of the many hundreds of men whom Mr. Platt as the Republican leader of his party had benefited. With Mr. Platt at the time of his death were Mr. and Mrs. Frank H. Platt, Mr. and Mrs. Edward T. Platt, Harry Platt and Dr. Outerbridge.

Senator Platt's health had been failing for years, but his mind was active to the last. Since the Allds hearing at Albany, in which his name has been spoken by witnesses, Senator Platt through the newspapers had kept a close watch on events.

Retiring from the United States Senate last year, when he was succeeded by Mr. Elihu Root after twelve years as the senior Senator from New York State, Mr. Platt sought a quiet and change of surroundings.

Congressman Herbert Parsons, former President of the New York County Committee, said:

"Senator Platt was remarkable for three things—for the gold plank in the Republican national platform of 1889, the creation of Greater New York and his control of the Republican party in New York State, a control which lasted twenty years and was absolute."

ONLY 37 THIN ICE DROWNINGS.

Nearly a Score Less Than the Average in New England and Canada.

Boston, Mar. 8.—Fewer persons than in any recent year were victims of thin ice on the inland ponds, lakes and rivers of New England, the Maritime Provinces of Canada and Newfoundland during the winter season now closing. Nearly a score short of the annual average, the total for this season is thirty-seven persons. Of this number, twenty-four were 17 years old or under. Most of these children lost their lives while skating. So, too, did some of the older victims.

MEAT IS HIGHER EVERYWHERE.

Statistics Gathered from Principal Exporting and Importing Countries.

Washington, Mar. 8.—Meat prices have advanced in all the principal consuming and producing sections of the world, according to statistics compiled by the Department of Commerce and Labor. All the meat-exporting countries show higher prices per pound in their exports in recent years than those of a decade ago, and all the meat-importing countries show higher rates in their imports figures and the current market quotations.

BRYAN'S PROHIBITION PAPER.

Will Start One in Lincoln Entirely Separate from Commoner.

Lincoln, Neb., Mar. 8.—William Jennings Bryan is to launch a prohibition newspaper in Nebraska, according to an announcement made by the state and county local option forces. The new Bryan paper is to be entirely separate from The Commoner, although the two may be issued from the same office.

Two Drowned in a Canoe.

Harrisburg, Pa., Mar. 8.—Edward Gerdes and Robert Shank, each 18 years old, were drowned in the Susquehanna River this afternoon by the overturning of their canoe, which struck a hidden rock. Merl Gerdes, 13, who was also in the canoe, was rescued by a passerby, who plunged into the stream and brought him ashore.

Man, Awaiting Baptism, Drops Dead.

Girard, Ohio, Mar. 8.—As he was stepping forward to be baptized at a revival service here to-day, James Applegate, sixty-five, a wealthy and prominent citizen, dropped dead.

ROCKEFELLER PLANS GREATEST GIFTS IN HISTORY

Philanthropy to Be Centred in Washington and to Be World-Wide in Scope.

THE OBJECT OF THE ROCKEFELLER FOUNDATION IS

"To promote the well being and to advance the civilization of the peoples of the United States and its territories and possessions and of foreign lands in the acquisition and dissemination of knowledge; in the prevention and relief of suffering and in the promotion of any and all of the elements of human progress."

Washington, Mar. 10.—A bill introduced in the regular course of business in the Senate by Senator Gallinger, of New Hampshire, revealed the most stupendous work of philanthropy in the history of the world.

The author of the scheme is John D. Rockefeller, and it involves the absolute gift from the great fortune which Standard Oil has built up for him of at least $500,000,000 and maybe more. The bill of incorporation names it the "Rockefeller Foundation."

The Rockefeller Foundation, according to a close associate of Mr. Rockefeller, is to receive the bulk of his fortune, either while he is yet living or by his will after death. The scheme of the charitable disposition of his millions has occupied Mr. Rockefeller for a number of years. His great gifts to churches, educational and scientific institutions, totaling $122,000,000 or more, has in no wise kept up with the rapid growth of his fortune.

It has been estimated that if Mr. Rockefeller lives to the age of eighty, and he is now in his 71st year, his fortune will amount to $1,000,000,000, more than ever one man possessed before. It may be Mr. Rockefeller's idea to encourage the growth of his fortune up to the time of his death, starting the work of the Rockefeller Foundation during his lifetime, and willing to it his great fortune.

The object of the corporation, as set out in Mr. Gallinger's bill, is "to promote the well being and to advance the civilization of the people of the United States and its territories and possessions and of foreign lands in the acquisition and dissemination of knowledge, in the prevention and relief of suffering, and in the promotion of any and all of the elements of human progress."

It is said to be the purpose of Mr. Rockefeller to spend the greater part of the vast fortune he has built up while he is yet alive, and it is said that he desires not only that his money shall be expended for various philanthropic purposes, but that it shall be spent so that he can see the results of the distribution of his wealth.

"ROOSEVELT STREET."

Change from "State" Planned In Chicago.

Chicago, Mar. 7.—Alderman Otto J. Novak proposes to call on the City Council to honor the return of the ex-President by changing the name of State street to Roosevelt street. He says that he will introduce a resolution in the council at its next meeting. Chicago has no Roosevelt street.

"The greatest street in the greatest city in the world could not be more appropriately named than after the man whom many consider the greatest American of modern times," said Alderman Novak. "The name of the street now does not have any historical significance nor is it suggestive of any events dear to Chicago's past."

COLLEGE TO GET $500,000.

Tufts Made Residuary Legatee of Wealthy Printer's Estate.

Dedham, Mass., Mar. 7.—Tufts College is made the residuary legatee to an estate valued at half a million dollars under the will of the late John Everett Smith, a wealthy Norwood printer, which was filed in the Norfolk County Probate Court here today.

The widow has the use of the bulk of the estate during her life. Upon her death the property will be turned over to the Medford College.

REDMOND PREDICTS ELECTION.

There Will Be Another Anpeal to the Country Soon, He Says.

London, Mar. 7.—John Redmond, the Irish Nationalist leader, in a letter acknowledging the receipt of $5,000 from the Irish World predicts that there will be another general election within a few weeks. He appeals for more funds to enable the Nationalists to fight both the Unionists and the Independent Nationalists.

Lawyer-Magistrate a Suicide.

Ogdensburg, N. Y., Mar. 4.—A. C. Cayter, a prominent lawyer and police magistrate of Roland, committed suicide in the Empire Hotel, by shooting himself through the head. The cause of his act is not known.

Local Option Rejected.

Annapolis, Mar. 4.—By a vote of 50 to 48 the House of Delegates killed the Statewide local option bill and put an end to temperance legislation for this session.

HARRISBURG FRAUD SENTENCES UPHELD

Pennsylvania at Same Time Brings Suit to Recover $5,000,000 Spent on Fittings

JAIL FOR CAPITAL CONSPIRATORS

Craft Sentences Sustained—Men Convicted of Capitol Fraud Must Serve terms—W. P. Snyder and J. M. Shumaker, Charged with Conspiracy.

Philadelphia, Mar. 10.—The conviction of William P. Snyder and James M. Shumaker, charged with conspiracy to defraud the State in connection with the furnishing of the State Capitol, was affirmed by the State Supreme Court here. Snyder was a former Auditor General and Shumaker a former Superintendent of Public Buildings and Grounds.

Snyder and Shumaker were convicted in the Dauphin County Court in Harrisburg on December 18, 1908, and sentenced to serve two years each and to pay a fine of $500 each and the cost of prosecution. John H. Sanderson of Philadelphia, who had the furniture contract for the Capitol, and William L. Mathues of Media, former State Treasurer, who paid the alleged fraudulent furniture bills, were convicted and received a similar sentence at the same time. Sanderson and Mathues have since died.

The cases were carried to the Superior Court, which affirmed the Dauphin County Court, and an appeal was then taken to the highest tribunal in the State, which to-day upheld the lower courts.

Attorney General Todd, commenting on the decision, said: "It is all over and the men must go to prison."

Harrisburg, Pa., Mar. 9.—Actions in equity for the recovery by the State of at least $5,000,000 alleged to have been illegally paid to contractors for the furnishing of the new State Capitol were entered in the Dauphin County Court to-day by the Attorney General's Department. The actions are against the contractors, John H. Sanderson, now dead, and the Pennsylvania Construction Company, the State officials having to do with the awards of the contracts and the approval of bills in payment, Architect Joseph M. Huston and the sureties of the contractors and State officials.

The suits are the outgrowth of the Capitol investigation conducted in 1907 and are entirely separate from the criminal actions brought more than two years ago.

BLOW-UP KILLS EIGHT.

Seventeen Hurt in Accident Near Chicago.

Chicago, March 9.—Eight persons were reported killed and seventeen injured, many of them probably fatally, in an explosion at the works of the American Maize Products Company at Roby, Ind.

The explosion occurred in a detached building of the plant and was preceded by a fire. Starch in an overheated kiln is supposed to have been the cause.

It was known that twenty-nine workmen were in the building at the time. Seventeen of these were rescued badly burned. Of the twelve unaccounted for several are believed to have escaped unhurt. The rest were burned in the ruins of the warehouse.

MRS. BOTKIN DEAD.

Noted Poisoner Expires in San Quentin Prison.

San Francisco, Mar. 9.—Mrs. Cordelia Botkin, serving a life sentence at San Quentin for the murder in 1898 of Mrs. John P. Dunning, of Dover, Del., by poisoned chocolates sent through the mails, died at the penitentiary.

Mrs. Dunning was the wife of a former San Francisco newspaper man, with whom Mrs. Botkin was infatuated. Dunning died several years ago in Philadelphia.

EDITOR APOLOGIZES TO FISH.

Congressman's Suit for Libel for Being Called "Welcher" is Withdrawn.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y., Mar. 9.—The libel suit of Congressman Hamilton Fish against the Poughkeepsie News-Press for $50,000 damages for calling him a "welcher" was settled in the Supreme Court at Carmel, Putnam County, without a trial.

Frank B. Lown, attorney for the newspaper, apologized in open court for the publication, and announced that The News-Press would print a complete retraction.

KILLS TWO AND HIMSELF.

Farmer Clubs Father-in-Law, Cuts Wife's Throat, and Shoots Himself.

Ithaca, Mich., Mar. 9.—As the result of a family quarrel, in which his wife took sides with her father, William Davidson, a farmer living near this place, struck his father-in-law, Julius Teet, with the butt end of a shotgun this afternoon, killing him instantly. Getting a razor, he cut his wife's throat, and after making sure she was dead blew out his own brains.

A nine-months-old baby sleeping in an adjacent room was not injured.

Jere F. Lillis, Kansas City bank president, slashed by J. P. Cudahy, wealthy packer, announces that he will not prosecute.

WORLD NEWS OF THE WEEK.

Covering Minor Happenings From All Over the Globe

DOMESTIC.

The recent large purchase of stock in the American District Telegraph Company by the Western Union gave the latter control of the former. The last big block of stock bought is said to have been the Gould holdings.

In an address to the convention of the Master Plumbers' Association Mayor Gaynor of New York hinted he was not opposed to open saloons on Sunday.

In a posthumous statement Mr. Platt tells of a promise from Mr. Harrison to make him Secretary of the Treasury and of a campaign contribution of $150,000 in 1888.

Philander C. Knox, Jr., son of the Secretary of State, was dismissed from a school at Providence because he refused to tell if he had married a young woman of that city; the latter admitted that they were married in Vermont on Sunday.

Mr. & Mrs. David Scherer announce the engagement of their daughter Rose, to Samuel P. Moses, prominent in the New York newspaper circles. Reception to be at 2096 Third Ave. on April 10, 1910.

Despite the assertions of public officials to the contrary, canvasses by Philadelphia newspapers show that 100,000 persons have quit work to aid the striking car employees.

Mrs. Charles W. Morse, back from a visit to her husband in the Federal Prison at Atlanta, told of the progress of the petition for his pardon and expressed appreciation of the plea signed by all the pupils in the high school he gave his boyhood home.

Dr. Benjamin Ide Wheeler attributes high prices here to too many intermediaries between the wholesaler and the consumer.

The Van Norden Magazine has suspended publication. It was owned by Warner M. Van Norden, recently robbed of $28,000 by two women near the Waldorf, New York City.

The Federal Grand Jury investigating the Beef Trust in Chicago completed its labors.

WASHINGTON.

The Standard Oil Company filed its appeal in the United States Supreme Court, and several more briefs attacking the corporation tax were presented, one being by ex-Senator Foraker.

President Taft, making public correspondence with Mr. Moon, author of the administration's injunction bill, urges its passage.

The postoffice appropriation bill was passed by the House.

It was reported from Washington that the United States might act as mediator between Peru and Ecuador if the King of Spain's award was not accepted.

Gifford Pinchot said that the conservation fight was one between special privilege and equal opportunity.

In the House the bill appropriating $500,000 to purchase embassy buildings abroad, was defeated.

FOREIGN.

Over six thousand steerage passengers have left Southampton for America in the last fortnight.

The American Legation at Bogoto, Colombia, is stoned, according to cable advices.

Use of a corruption fund to control Parliament is charged to the Japanese army by the independent press.

The Tokio press is jubilant at what it terms America's failure in her Manchurian plans.

Hundreds of Socialists were wounded in Berlin by provincial gendarmes and city police.

The Empress of Russia suffered another nervous breakdown, and her condition is regarded as serious.

MEN WORTH $1,600 EACH.

Mining Company Fixes Flat Rate on Victims of Cherry Disaster.

Chicago, Mar. 10.—With fifty claims of widows and other relatives of Cherry mine disaster victims settled by payments ranging from $800 to $1,200 per death, the St. Paul Mining Company has entered into negotiations with counsel in something like 100 more cases to settle with the victims' widows at the rate of $1,800 in each case.

This rate of settlement was agreed upon at a conference between attorneys representing the widows and counsel for the mining company.

CRANK TO CONGRESS.

Threatens Dynamite Unless Duty is Done.

Washington, Mar. 7.—An anonymous letter was received by members of Congress to-day threatening them and their property with destruction by dynamite unless they do their duty. The letter is signed "The Committee," and bears the postmark of the new Inley Park station, Chicago. The writer begins by saying that members are aware that the prices of the necessaries of life are beyond the reach of those who are compelled to labor for a living.

INSURANCE AND BALLOONING.

Claims May Be Collected if Flights are Only a Diversion, Says Court.

Denver, Col., Mar. 9.—If ballooning is indulged in as a diversion, insurance money may be collected in case of accident or death, according to a Supreme Court decision to-day in a case to recover $2,000 insurance upon the life of Frank Van Fleet, who was killed in a balloon accident at Grand Junction.

PASTOR ROBINSON ACCUSED BY GIRL

Leader of Anti-Saloon League and Trainer of Missionaries Confesses His Sin

THE CHURCH SUSPENDS HIM

Pastor a Man of Fifty, Victim in Her Teens—Liquor Interests Credited with Exposure by Anonymous Letter to the Girl's Father.

Herkimer, N. Y., Mar. 10.—Following a confession that he had ruined one of the most popular and attractive young women in his congregation, the Rev. S. D. Robinson, pastor of the First Methodist Church of this village, has been suspended by the Church Board. He has fled from town.

The story of his downfall has been a great shock to the residents of this place, where both the pastor and his unhappy victim have heretofore been held in highest esteem.

Robinson came to Herkimer to preach about three years ago. He had before that been pastor of a church at Fulton, N. Y., and was looked on as one of the most talented men in the Northern Conference of the Methodist Church. He was about fifty years of age. He and his wife, for whom deep sympathy is now expressed on every hand, made a most favorable impression here from the beginning.

In addition to his church duties the pastor soon became active as a director of the Folts Institute, a preparatory school for missionaries located here, and he was the leading spirit in the anti-saloon league.

Miss Abbie Haynes was just budding into womanhood when the new minister moved to Herkimer. She is a daughter of Dr. W. I. Haynes, the local optician.

It was less than a year ago, according to a statement made by the young woman, that the preacher first took undue liberties with her. The little sister was at school one day and her mother had gone out shopping.

It was an anonymous letter that first warned Mr. Haynes that all was not well. While the letter had not been directly traced, it is generally believed that it came from some one connected with the liquor interests.

Robinson at first denied indignantly and defiantly that there was any truth in the charges and many of his friends believed him. Then he was brought unexpectedly face to face with the girl before a committee of churchmen. She repeated her charges in trembling tones with bowed head and Robinson, weeping, admitted she had told the truth.

"I am the most miserable man in the world," said Dr. Haynes. "Our home is ruined. I no longer have a home. It would be better if all of us were dead. My wife has gone completely out of her mind with grief and shame. There is nothing left for us in this world. Only a father who has loved a child as I have loved my little girl can know the misery of it all."

ROOT POINTS WAY.

Says Hinman Should Lead New York Senate.

Albany, N. Y., Mar. 10.—United States Senator Elihu Root, presumably reflecting the wishes of President Taft, has taken active charge of the critical situation in the Republican party in New York State. On the eve of a conference of Republican Senators called to elect a successor to Senator Jotham P. Allds as temporary President of the Senate, Senator Root sent a telegram to State Senator Frederick M. Davenport, of Oneida County, advocating the candidacy of Senator Harvey D. Hinman, of Binghamton, a stanch supporter of the policies of Governor Hughes, as against Senator George A. Davis, of Buffalo, and Senator George H. Cobb, of Watertown, rival aspirants for the leadership.

EMBEZZLED $1,000,000.

French Agent in Charge of Church Properties Lost All in Stocks.

Paris, March 10.—M. Diaz, judicial trustee to the Tribunal of the Seine, and formerly liquidator of properties of dispossessed religious congregations, has been arrested on the charge of embezzling $1,000,000, of which $800,000 belonged to the congregations and $200,000 to common law affairs.

After his arest he confessed his frauds. He said he had lost all the money in bourse speculations.

E. D. THOMAS, JR., A SUICIDE.

Son of Brig. Gen. Thomas Shoots Himself at Colorado Springs.

Colorado Springs, Col., Mar. 10.—Earl D. Thomas, Jr., 30 years old, a son of Brig. Gen. Earl D. Thomas, commander of the Department of Colorado with headquarters in Denver, fired a bullet into his brain in his room at a local hotel and died instantly.

Indications are that he had premeditate suicide.

Hub Mad Over Cheap Shows.

Boston, Mar. 8.—In investigating the high cost of living, the Twentieth Century Club has discovered that $2,750,155.50 was spent by patrons of theatrical and moving picture shows during ten weeks of the winter season in this city.

RIOTING A START OF PHILADELPHIA STRIKE

Every National Guard Regiment Ordered Under Arms Following Walkout of Union Labor.

Philadelphia, Mar. 10.—Seventy-five thousand workers in this city, according to an estimate issued by the General Strike Committee of Ten, went on strike, in response to the proclamation by the Central Labor Union calling upon the working class to cease work and to remain on strike until further notice from their accredited representatives.

Mob violence broke out with fresh fury in the northeastern part of the city during the evening and dense crowds of men and boys swarmed the streets, stoning passing cars and exchanging shots with the police.

Two men were shot and seriously wounded in the rioting. They were William Drexler, forty-seven years old, shot by a policeman during a disturbance at Frankford avenue and Church street, and Robert McDell, nineteen years old, who was wounded by a policeman's bullet at Howard street and Susquehanna avenue.

Promptly at midnight union orchestras playing in the leading hotels and cafes picked up their instruments and started for their homes.

Union cab drivers and chauffeurs also abandoned their posts, and the hotel and railroad cab and automobile service was badly crippled. The drivers of both taxicab services in the city are members of a union and refused to take out their machines after the strike had gone into effect.

Many of the machines are driven by their owners, wealthy men, who have volunteered for police duty and have been sworn in by Director Clay.

Every National Guard regiment in the State was ordered under arms. Special trains have been ordered for those outside the city, and all preparations are made to move them at an hour's notice.

The outlook is ominous even to the most cheerful observers. So much bitterness has developed in the last few days that the people of Philadelphia are preparing for any kind of trouble.

An hour's walk in sections of the city such as Kensington where the feeling against the P. R. T. is most intense is sufficient for any one to understand what is smouldering. Kensington, where two-thirds of the union men live, will be the seat of trouble. The streets are crowded with strikers and their hangerson. They spend part of their time in the corner saloons, the other part on the street corners cursing the non-union car crews.

It seems certain that there will be a boycott against the cars and all trades-people doing business with the transit company.

FINAL DECREE TO MRS. ASTOR.

No Mention of Alimony; said to Be $350,000 a Year.

White Plains, N. Y., Mar. 7.—By the terms of a final decree of divorce which Justice Mills in the Supreme Court at White Plains granted to Mrs. Alva Willing Astor from her husband, Col. John Jacob Astor, Mrs. Astor has the custody of their daughter, Alice Muriel, while Col. Astor retains charge of their son, Vincent.

The decree is in the usual form and contains no mention of alimony. It is said that Mrs. Astor and her husband reached an agreement on this point before the suit was commenced. One report was that she is to have an income of $350,000 a year and to retain the fortune that was settled upon her at the time of her marriage in lieu of dower rights.

Actress Breaks Her Neck.

Cincinnati, Mar. 8.—Fifteen hundred persons were horror stricken at a vaudeville theatre this afternoon when Augusta Fassio, while perched on her brother's head eighteen feet above the stage, lost her balance and fell head foremost to the floor, breaking her neck.

Washington, Mar. 7.—Until Commander Peary submits his records to the House Committee on Naval Affairs that body will not make a favorable report on the bill to vote him the thanks of Congress.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

Wholesale Prices of Farm Products Quoted for the Week.

MILK—Per quart, 3¾c.
BUTTER—Western extra, 32@33c.; State dairy, 23@26c.
CHEESE—State. Full cream, special, 17½@18c.
EGGS—State. Fair to choice, 24@25c.; do, western firsts, 26@28c.
APPLES—Baldwin, per bbl., $2.75@4.25.
DRESSED POULTRY—Chickens, per lb., 15@24c.; Cocks, per lb., 14c.; Squabs, per dozen, $2.00@5.75.
HAY—Prime, per 100 lbs., $1.15.
STRAW—Long Rye, per 100 lbs., 75@80c.
POTATOES—State, per bbl., $1.37@1.62.
ONIONS—White, per crate, 35c.@$1.00.
FLOUR—Winter patents, $5.60@6.10; Spring patents, $5.60@6.85.
WHEAT—No. 2, red, $1.30; No. 1, Northern Duluth, $1.28⅞.
CORN—No. 2, 68½c.
OATS—Natural white, 52½@55c.; Clipped white, 53½@55½c.
BEEVES—City Dressed, 8@11c.
SHEEP—Per 100 lbs., $5.00@6.00.
CALVES—City Dressed, 11@16½c.
LAMBS—Per 100 lbs., $8.50@9.50.
HOGS—Live, per 100 lbs., $9.75@10.00; Country Dressed, per lb., 11@13c.

Saturday Night Talks

By Rev. F. E. DAVISON
Rutland, Vt.

THE KING OF THE NATURAL WORLD.

International Bible Lessen for Mar. 13, '10.—(Matt. 8:23-34).

He who bears kingly credentials must not only have power to conquer the hearts and the bodies of men. He must be the master of life's environment as well. Christ must prove His divinity by His power over the forces of nature. And this He did in the marvellous story of this lesson. The stilling of a tempest on the Sea of Galilee.

Tempest on the Sea.

Crossing that land-locked, mountain-guarded body of water with His disciples in an open boat, one of the sudden storms for which that sea is famous swept down through the mountain gorges upon them, and the little boat was almost covered with the waves. The disciples were old fishermen, brought up on the shores of that sea, getting their living for years out of its crystal depths, tocked on its bosom often by tempestuous winds, not easily frightened at the howling of a gale. But this time they struck a tempest such as they had never encountered and they were afraid the boat would go to pieces in the squall. They did their utmost to keep her afloat, but when they became convinced that they could not weather the gale they suddenly remembered that they carried the King, and they cried out to Him for help.

Master of Neptune.

Worn out with the day's labors Christ was fast asleep. His human nature no more disturbed than a child by the rocking of a cradle. But at the first cry of alarm, the Master arose. First, He quiets the tempest in the disciples hearts, rebuking their unbelief and calming their fears, then He stills the storm without, rebuking the winds and the sea, "and there was a great calm." It was all done without effort, naturally, calmly, as a God. It reads like the story of creation. Here is one among men who wears the crown of kingly authority over the forces of nature. No wonder the astonished disciples exclaimed, "What manner of man is this that even the winds and the sea obey Him?" No wonder that John writing long after of this wondering being, said, "In the beginning was the word, and the word was with God, and the word was God. All things were made by Him and without Him was not anything made that was made." He who in the beginning had let slip the winds of heaven out of His fingers could easily drive them back into their caverns. He, out of whose palm had dropped all the rivers, and all the seas, and all the oceans had only to speak the word of command and the boisterous waves crouched at His feet in humble submission.

This was not the only time in the career of the King that He proved Himself master of the natural world. While there was never any outgoing of His power to meet His own personal needs there was never any diminution of His power to help those who were in peril from the elements. He was in His world, the Master and King of it, always, and everywhere.

Ruler of the Invisible.

But visible nature is not man's only environment. There is an unseen universe besides to which man is more or less subject. We are all conscious of an invisible world, surrounding us on all sides, mysterious, incomprehensible, yet exerting an influence over us which we cannot escape. We are just as much moved upon by that world as we are by this. This world affects our physical nature, that moral affects our moral nature and we cannot escape it. Whatever may be meant by demoniac possession, the old-fashioned statement that some people are possessed of the devil embodies a great truth. There are storms in the spiritual world, more to be dreaded than electrical storms in the material world, more terrible by far than any cyclone that ever raged over a western prairie town. But the King of men is Master even here.

Demons Own His Power.

The disciples had no sooner escaped the peril of one storm than they came up against another in the person of two demoniacs—men who were under the power of an awful brain storm. These men were set free from their peril and suffering by a word of power, the demons which possessed them being hurled into the deep by the flat of the King. Mysterious? Yes. Incomprehensible? Possibly. But the fact remains that when men ask for the credentials of Him who comes claiming to be the King of all Kingdoms, this Christ of the New Testament can produce them. His word is power. His look is authority. His attraction is universal. He is in world, but not of it. Great nature, which is the master of ordinary men, recognizes His authority, "the wind and the sea obey Him," and "the Prince of the Power of the Air," and all his legions, ground the weapons of their rebellion at His feet, and retreat in abject terror to their subterranean abodes.

Therefore, whenever the King of the invisible world came in contact with the powers of darkness, one look, one word of command from Him was all that was necessary to evict the demon that had camped upon the territory of the human body. The powers of darkness recognized His authority and retreated before His Kingly Presence.

SLAVE BECAME EMPRESS

The Sultan of Morocco Is a Direct Descendant from Her.

HAD GREAT BEAUTY

Davia Was Only Seven Years Old When Her Father Obtained Freedom on Condition That He Should Leave Her in the Sultan's Harem.

It is not generally known that the Sultan of Morocco is partly of French descent, but such is the case; and strange was the fortune that placed a young French girl on the throne of Morocco within comparative recent times. The present Sultan of Morocco is of lineal descent from a beautiful French slave girl, Davia.

About 1760 a Corsican merchant named Franchesini, returning from the island of Sardinia with his newly made bride, was captured by an Algerine corsair. The young couple were taken to Algiers, exposed for sale, and purchased by a rich native. Franchesini had the good fortune not to be separated from his wife, and she contrived to win the good graces both of his master and of the Pasha, amassed a fortune, and was eventually allowed to return to Corsica, then French territory. Together with his family and numerous gifts from the Algerine Pasha, Franchesini set sail for his native land, but his vessel was overtaken by a Barbary pirate, most of the crew were thrown overboard, the ship set on fire, and the unlucky Frenchman and his whole family carried off to Morocco.

Again the family of Christian slaves were put to public auction and purchased by a powerful Tunisian noble. Once again Franchesini obtained the favor of not being separated from his wife and again he gained the good will of his master, so much so that he was taken before the Sultan himself, who treated him graciously and asked to see his family. His daughter Davia was then only seven years old, but the child's extraordinary beauty must have impressed the Moorish sovereign, for he loaded the Frenchman with gifts. Franchesini, however, yearned to return to his own land and implored that favor from the Sultan, who granted it on condition that Davia should be left behind to be reared in the seraglio. The condition was a hard one, but was accepted; he sailed and with his wife and sons reached Corsica in safety. Once in Corsica he brooded over the humiliation of leaving his beloved young daughter in a Moorish harem, and conceived the project of equipping an expedition to kidnap one of the Moorish princes and obtain his child by way of exchange or ransom. He chartered a vessel and landed at Sallee, but was struck down with fever and died a few days subsequently. The expedition, deprived of its leader, returnd to Corsica.

For a long period nothing was heard of Davia until in 1780, agents of the Sultan of Morocco arrived in Corsica to trace the Franchesini family. The little Davia had grown up and was now empress. Her mother and brothers returned to Morocco where they were received with royal honors, and a palace with five hundred slaves was set apart for their use; as a special mark of favor, Davia was permitted to join them. She had unbounded influence over the aged ruler who recognized her ability as well as her beauty; this monarch, however, was poisoned in one of the many palace revolutions by one of his sons, who succeeded him. Davia remained unmolested by the new Sultan, and died of the plague in 1802. Her mother remained in Morocco with one of her sons, Augustin, and the other son became consul-general for Morocco at Genoa, where he died about 1820.

Skeptical About It.

"I didn't see you in church Sunday morning," said Mrs. Oldcastle.

"No," replied her hostess ,toying with a $2,500 solitaire. "I was so nervous I knew I couldn't sit still if I went, so I gave up and laid in bed nearly the whole morning."

"That was too bad. You ought to have been there. Dr. Miggsworth excoriated several of our leading financiers, and considerable anger was exhibited by some of them."

"Is that so? I didn't know they could do such things in our church. S'posed only the Pope had that power."—Chicago Record-Herald.

Lincoln Knew He'd Grow Old.

Venerable Ira Haworth of Kansas City recently exhibited to friends who came to see him on his 90th birthday a black walnut cane, whittled out and presented to him by Abraham Lincoln in 1860. "The cane," said Lincoln, "is to use when you get old. I know you will live to be old, because the good die young."

In Windsor Castle King Edward keeps $12,500,000 worth of gold plate.

LACKAWANNA RAILROAD.

"THE ROAD OF ANTHRACITE."

If you contemplate spending the Winter months in Florida or California, call upon our local ticket agent for particulars.

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MUCH of the work that is done in this office is of kinds that can be done by hand only. Nine-tenths of all job printing done in any country office must be done by hand. It can't be done with a machine.

This office is fully equipped to do all kinds of printing at the lowest prices consistent with good work.

A Large Stock is Carried in

ENVELOPES, LETTER HEADS, NOTE HEADS,

BILL HEADS, STATEMENTS, SHIPPING TAGS,

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BOOK PAPERS, COVER PAPERS, &c.

And Everything in the Printing Line

If you have been a customer of ours, you know the character of our work. If not, we shall be glad to fill a trial order. Among other things in our line are

Dodgers, Posters, Sale Bills, Pamphlets, Books, Receipts, Orders, Check Books, Ruled Work, Halftones, Line Cuts, Engraved Work, Stock Certificates, Bonds, &c., &c.

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Office Over First National Bank.
Bloomsburg, Pa,

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ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
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Bloomsburg, Pa.

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Office, Liddicot Building, Locust Ave.

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ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
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THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, MARCH 10, 1910

Reading Ancient History

Is All Very Well,

but the world today is making more interesting history than ever before.

Subscribe for this paper and keep up with the people now on earth.

RETAIL PRICES FOR FOOD.

A Startling Statement Made by the News Bureau.

The figures of Boston retail prices and wages published by the News Bureau, last Saturday, showed that the same quantity of food which cost $3.02 in 1890 and $3.91 in 1900, cost $4.92 in 1910, an increase of substantially twenty-five per cent. over the earlier years. The Wall Street Journal estimates that in the last dozen years consumption in the United States of eight leading farm products increased thirty-three per cent. but aggregate farm production in quantity increased only three per cent. This condition is unquestionably of importance in explaining the advance of food in the United States, and might be accepted as the entire cause were it not that the phenomenon of advancing food prices is world-wide. It will be remembered that the Journal's figures showed that local wages had advanced in ten years at practically the same rate as food prices, and in twenty years at a rate of thirty-three per cent. greater. A reasonable inference from this discovery is that the reason for the advance of prices in commodities is the advance in the cost of labor. But labor after all is a commodity, and its price has risen in common with the price of most other commodities, and this, too, the world over. Prices are expressed in the terms of another commodity, gold, and many economists find in the extraordinary increase of gold production in recent years the only adequate explanation of the world-wide rise in commodity prices.

The Zoological Press Bulletin.

Timely Topics of Plants and Pests Discussed Weekly, by H. A. Surface, State Zoologist.

ROACHES IN THE HOUSE.

The roach nuisance has been brought to the attention of State Zoologist H. A. Surface, Harrisburg, by persons in different parts of the State. The cold winter, which resulted in brisk fires being maintained to keep up the temperature inside of dwellings, may have resulted in these pests becoming more numerous than usual.

A lawyer of Indiana, Pa., wrote to professor Surface, saying: "For some time past I have been troubled with roaches. They keep hid in cracks during the day, but at night come out in large numbers. I think they must have been brought to the house with groceries. Everything is kept clean and in as good condition as is usually found about a well-regulated house and still they stay. We have tried various things in trying to get rid of them. I suppose that fumigating the entire house with formaldehyde would be effective. If you can give me any simple method of getting rid of them, I will be grateful for the advice."

Professor Surface replied as follows:

"These pests are quite persistent invaders, and generally cannot be exterminated by a single application. For this reason a combination of methods is desirable. Powdered borax blown around cracks they inhabit, especially around damp places in the kitchen floors, will help to drive them away. Powdered sugar, one part, and plaster of Paris, two parts, mixed together, will prove to be a good remedy. One of the best remedies is a proprietary substance sold on the market under the name of "Roach Paste" or "Roach Food." I should avoid the phosphorous poisons, as they are dangerous to use in the house. If the annoyance caused by roaches should reach the extreme limit and it be necessary for you to fumigate, you can do this safely with hydrocyanic acid gas, although you will have to vacate the rooms during the time of the fumigation. I should not attempt to fumigate them with formaldehyde, as I no not think this would be efficient in destroying roaches."

Gone Through the Rapids.

The following are some of the persons who have gone through the Rapids of Niagara River. Some of them were killed in doing it.

Robinson, McIntyre and Jones made the first known trip through the rapids in a small steamer in 1851.

Captain Matthew Webb, the famous English swimmer, paid his life as the penalty for his folly in attempting to swim the rapids in 1883.

Carlisle D. Graham, has gone through the Rapids five times in a barrel, and in 1901 swam the perilous course with the aid of life preservers.

William J. Kendall, swam the Rapids in 1886.

C. Alexander Percy, made two trips in a boat, the first in 1887.

George Hazlitt and Sadie Allen made the trip in a barrel in 1886.

Robert W. Flack attempted the trip in a boat but drowned in 1889

Walter G. Campbell had a thrilling experience which almost cost him his life in covering the course in a boat in 1889.

F. M. Bowser covered the course in a boat in 1900.

Peter Nissen made the third trip in a boat in 1902.

Miss Maude Williard, went through the Rapids in a barrel but was caught in the Whirlpool and whirled around for six hours. She died shortly after being rescued from the barrel. This happened in 1902.

Mrs. Anna Taylor is the only person who has ever gone over the Falls and lived to tell the tale. She accomplished this death-defying feat in 1901, when she went over the horse shoe falls in a barrel.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County, Pennsylvania, and to me directed, there will be sold at public sale at the Sheriff's Office, in the Court House at Bloomsburg, county and state aforesaid, on

SATURDAY, MARCH 26, 1910

at 10 o'clock A. M., the following described real estate, to-wit:

All that certain lot of land situate on the Easterly side of Vine Street, in the Borough of Berwick, Columbia County, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning on the Easterly side of Vine Street at the intersection of Jackson Street; thence along Vine Street North twenty-five degrees twenty-one minutes West seventy-four feet to a corner; thence North sixty four degrees forty-six minutes east and parallel with Jackson street sixty and five-tenths feet to a corner; thence south twenty-five degrees twenty-one minutes east seventy-four feet to Jackson street; thence along said street south sixty four degrees forty-six minutes west sixty and five-tenths feet to Vine street the place of beginning. Whereon is erected

A LARGE TWO STORY FRAME DWELLING HOUSE

and outbuildings.

It being the same premises conveyed to Dora Keylor by Charles C. Evans and wife by deed dated January 2, 1907, and recorded in the office for the recording of deeds, etc., in Columbia County in Deed Book 80 at page 74.

Seized, taken into execution at the suit of W. W. Birt vs. Dora Keylor Finucan (use Dora Keylor), and to be sold as the property of Dora Keylor Finucan (use Dora Keylor.)

WILLIAM P. ZEHNER,
Sheriff.

James L Evans, Attorney. 3-3-4t.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm. WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Do You Have
Headache

TAKE ONE OF THESE LITTLE TABLETS AND THE PAIN IS GONE.

"My first experience with Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills was a sample package handed me. They relieved the pain so promptly that I have never been without them since. I have given them to many friends when they had headache and they never failed to relieve them. I have suffered with neuralgia in my head, and the first one I took relieved me. They have cured me of neuralgia. I would not be without them."
MISS LILLIE B. COLLINS
R. F. D. No. 1, Salem, Va.

Sold by druggists everywhere, who are authorized to return price of first package if they fail to benefit.
MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Levari Facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County, Pennsylvania, and to me directed, there will be sold at public sale at the Sheriff's Office, in the Court House at Bloomsburg, county and state aforesaid, on

SATURDAY, MARCH 19, 1910,

at 10 o'clock a. m., the following described real estate, to wit:

All those two certain lots, pieces or parcels of land situate in the Borough of Berwick, Columbia County, State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit:

TRACT No. 1. Situate on the northerly side of Woodin street, beginning at a point on the northerly side of said street one hundred and nineteen and one-fourth feet from Oak street at the corner of a sixteen foot alley, thence northerly along said alley sixty-six feet to lot now of Phoebe Croop, thence easterly along said lot parallel with Woodin street one hundred and three and one-fourth feet to Maple street, thence southerly along said street a distance of sixty-six feet to corner of Maple and Woodin streets, thence westerly along Woodin street a distance of one hundred and three and one-fourth feet to the place of beginning. Containing sixty-eight hundred and fourteen and one half square feet of land. Whereon is erected

A TWO STORY FRAME DOUBLE DWELLING HOUSE,

and outbuildings.

TRACT No. 2. Beginning at a corner of lot owned by Phoebe Croop on the westerly side of Maple street one hundred and thirty-two feet from Woodin street, thence westerly along lot of said Phoebe Croop a distance of one hundred and three and one-fourth feet to an alley, thence northerly along said alley a distance of sixty-six feet to land of Jackson Estate, thence easterly along said land a distance of one hundred and three and one-fourth feet to Maple street, thence southerly along said street a distance of sixty-six feet to the place of beginning. Containing sixty-eight hundred and fourteen and one-half square feet of land. Whereon is erected

A TWO STORY FRAME DOUBLE DWELLING HOUSE,

and outbuildings.

Being the same premises conveyed to Ray H. Davenport by B. D. Freas and Elizabeth Freas his wife, James L. Evans and Fanny A. Evans his wife, S. W. Dickson and Lillie Dickson his wife, and B. H. Dodson and said Dodson his wife, by deed dated August 10, 1905 and intended to be recorded forthwith.

Seized, taken into execution at the suit of Harry T. Stoddart Receiver for the Eastern Union Building and Loan Society, of Philadelphia, Pa., vs. Ray H. Davenport, owner, and Lee Harrison, terre-tenant, and all other terre-tenants, and to be sold as the property of Ray H. Davenport, owner, and Lee Harrison, terre-tenant, and all other terre-tenants.

WM. P. ZEHNER,
Sheriff.

James L. Evans, Attorney. 2-24-4t.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

In re-estate of Wm. McKelvy Musgrave, late of the Borough of Orangeville, in the county of Columbia, and State of Penn'a, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration in the above estate have been granted unto the undersigned, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payments, and those having claims or demands will present the same without delay.

A. W. MUSGRAVE,
Administrator of
Wm. McK. Musgrave, dec'd.
No. 101 N. Main Ave.
Scranton, Pa.

Clinton Herring. Atty.
2-24 6t

QUICK CLIMATIC CHANGES try strong constitutions and cause among other evils, nasal catarrh, a troublesome and offensive disease. Sneezing and snuffling, coughing and difficult breathing, and the drip, drip of THE FOUL discharge into the throat—all are ended by Ely's Cream Balm. This honest remedy contains no cocaine, mercury, nor other harmful ingredient. The worst cases yield to treatment in a short time. All druggists, 50c., or mailed by Ely Bros., 56 Warren Street, New York.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County, Pennsylvania, and to me directed, there will be sold at public sale at the Sheriff's Office, in the Court House at Bloomsburg, county and state aforesaid, on

SATURDAY, MARCH 19th, '10,

at ten o'clock a. m., the following described real estate, to wit:

All that certain messuage, tenement and tract of land situate in the townships of Cleveland and Franklin, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a point in the public road leading from Catawissa to Roaringcreek; thence thirty-six degrees west twenty-six and six tenths rods; thence north seventy-seven and one-half degrees west (twenty-six and six and six tenths rods) sixteen rods; thence north twenty degrees west eighteen and nine-tenths rods; thence north eighty-six degrees west one hundred and thirty-five and nine tenths rods; thence south eighty degrees west one hundred and ninety-seven and seven tenths rods to a post; thence south eighty-two degrees east one hundred and two rods, thence north forty two degrees east one hundred and sixty-one rods; thence north thirty-four degrees west twenty five and six tenths rods to the place of beginning, containing

199 Acres and 96 Perches,
whereon are erected
Two Frame Dwelling Houses,
Two Bank Barns,
and out buildings.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of William Rarig vs. Mary E. Wolf, deceased, and H. C. Wolf, administrator, and to be sold as the property of Mary E. Wolf, deceased.

WM. P. ZEHNER,
Sheriff.

A. L. Fritz and
C. E. Kreisher, Attys. 2-24 4t

SHERIFF'S SALE

By virtue of a writ of Levari Facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County, Pennsylvania, and to me directed, there will be sold at public sale at the Sheriff's Office, in the Court House at Bloomsburg, county and state aforesaid, on

SATURDAY, MARCH 19, 1910,

at 10 o'clock a. m., the following described real estate, to wit:

All that certain lot of land situate on the northerly side of Fairview Avenue in Michel's Addition to the Borough of West Berwick, in the Borough of West Berwick, Columbia County, Pennsylvania, and bounded and described as follows: On the east by lot No. 205, on south by Fairview Avenue, on the west by lot No. 207, and on the north by Brittain street. Being forty-five feet in width on Fairview Avenue and extending in depth of the same width a distance of one hundred and sixty feet to Brittain street. Containing seventy-two hundred square feet of land and being numbered and designated as lot No. 206 of Mitchel's Addition to the Borough of West Berwick, Pennsylvania, and being the same premises conveyed to Barbara Reigel by D. A. Michael and Emma Michael his wife by deed, dated August 27, 1903, recorded in the office of the recording of deeds, etc., in and for Columbia County in Deed Book No. 78 page 302. On which is erected a

TWO STORY FRAME DWELLING HOUSE,

and outbuildings.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of Harry T. Stoddart, Receiver for the Eastern Union Building and Loan Society, of Philadelphia, Pa., vs. Henry A. Reigel and Barbara Reigel, owners, with notice to all terre-tenants, and to be sold as the property of Henry A. Reigel and Barbara Reigel, owners, with notice to all terre-tenants.

WILLIAM P. ZEHNER,
Sheriff.

James L. Evans, Attorney. 2-24-4t

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Harman A. Kreamer, deceased,

The undersigned auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia County to make distribution of the funds in the hands of Wilson G. Kreamer, Administrator, will sit at his office in the Town of Bloomsburg, Pa., on Friday, March 25th, 1910, at ten o'clock in the forenoon to perform the duties of his appointment, when and where all persons having claims against said estate must appear and prove the same, or be forever debarred from any share of said fund,

A. N. YOST,
3 3-4t. Auditor.

FREE SERVICES AND MEDICINE

A reliable physician of thirty years' experience offers his services and medicine free. **Would you like to be cured to stay cured?** If so, write him your symptoms and he will send you a course of medicine that will do you good and the prescription, so at any time should you want more of the treatment you can get it from the druggist and the medicine will not cost you over twenty or twenty-five cents a month. This is an offer every afflicted person should investigate. You certainly have nothing to lose and will benefit greatly from this kind-hearted Act. Address J. W. Sherrow, M.D., Box 1, Kennington, Vt.

Please put 69 Main St., on your letter.

1-6-4w

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9-30 1y

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OVER 7,000 McCALL PATTERNS.

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Cigars, Tobacco, Pipes, and Confectionery.
Fine Candies. Fresh Every Week.
PENNY GOODS A SPECIALTY.
HAVE YOU SMOKED A
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ASK YOUR DEALER FOR THEM.
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RUGS Royal Wilton, Body Brussel, Axminster Velvet and Tapestry in the different sizes
Carpet Sweepers, Best in the land.
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Electric and Hand Power.
THE FREE SEWING MACHINE.
This machine is ball bearing throughout. It is not only guaranteed, but is INSURED for five years against fire or accident.
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SHOES TO FIT
AND
FIT TO WEAR
and at
Prices That Will Make You Wonder
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